Smart Visu Server



Ref. no.: SV-SERVER-01

SV-SERVER-INT



Product Documentation



Product Documentation

Smart Visu Server

SV-SERVER-01 SV-SERVER-INT



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1 Commissioning the Smart Visu Server

Safety instructions



WARNING

Failure to comply with these instructions may result in damage to the device, fire or other hazards. These instructions are a component part of the product and must remain with the end customer. Electrical equipment must only be installed and mounted by qualified electricians. This product is only intended for use in dry rooms.

1.1 Correct use

- Visualisation and operation of KNX systems via terminals with HTML5-compatible browsers (Firefox, Chrome, Safari, Opera) or app (iOS, Android), e.g. smartphone, tablet, laptop, PC etc.
- Visualisation and operation of Philips Hue systems
- Operation in local IP networks, which support DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol), or with fixed IP address (IPv4)
- Interior operation

1.2 Product characteristics

- Web visualisation of the KNX system for status display and operation (SV-Home)
- Access to the SV-Home web visualisation with max. 10 different clients (recommended)
- Integrated web-based start-up tool (SV-Control)
- Simple creation of a preconfigured operating desktop, optimised for applications at home and in small commercial buildings
- Graphical operating elements, selection of icons from supplied libraries
- Import of group addresses (three-level) via OPC import (ETS3, ETS4, ETS5)
- Manual input of group addresses possible
- 24 areas
- 240 dynamic functions (max. 1200 data points)
 - o Switch
 - Dimming
 - o Tunable White
 - Coloured light
 - Stairway function
 - o Threshold
 - Value transmitter
 - Multimedia
 - Motor
 - o Climate
 - Status / Value
 - Website
 - Webcam
 - State logic
 - Email notification
 - o Weather
- 25 actions groups
- 250 configurable actions (max. 16 functions per action)
 - User-defined
 - o Point in time
 - o Event
 - o Astro
- Connection to the KNX-BUS via KNX-IP router or KNX-IP interface
- Integration of Philips Hue systems in the KNX system
- Connection to Philips Hue via the Philips Hue Bridge
- Integration of SONOS speakers in the KNX installation
- Integration of the Amazon Alexa language service via a MyJUNG account
- Paid remote access via a MyJUNG account
- Updateable and upgradeable

1.3 Scope of delivery

- Smart Visu Server including software
- Retaining bracket for wall or support rail mounting
- Operating instructions
- Power supply unit with plug
 - SV-SERVER: EU power supply unit (Euro plug)
 - SV-SERVER-01: Power supply unit, including adapter for BS (United Kingdom), EU (Euro plug) and CN (China)
 - SV-SERVER-INT: Power supply unit, including adapter for BS (United Kingdom), EU (Euro plug) and CN (China)

Legal information

Philips and Hue are registered trademarks of Koninklijke Philips Electronics NV.

This product contains Open Source software components, which are subject to the conditions of Copyright and/or the licence agreements of third parties. The licence information is located on the Smart Visu Server.

1.4 Technical data

Rated voltage: DC 12 V SELV

Power consumption: Typ. 3 W, max. 7 W

Ambient temperature: $-5 \dots +45 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Storage/transport temperature: $-25 \dots +70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

LAN: RJ45 socket (10/100 Mbit/s Fast Ethernet) CAT5

USB: USB 2.0 Host

Dimensions: 124 x 72 x 31 mm (without retaining unit)

124 x 92 x 40 mm (with retaining unit)

Power supply unit with plug:

Primary voltage: AC 100 ... 240 V ~

Mains frequency: 50 / 60 Hz
Rated current: Max. 1 A
Secondary voltage: DC 13 V Si

Secondary voltage: DC 12 V SELV

Protection class: II
Length of connecting cable: 1.5 m

Plug contact: SV-SERVER: EU

SV-SERVER-INT: BS,EU,CN



CAUTION

This device contains a battery (CR1632, 0.4 Wh) to back up the saved data. Do not dispose of discharged batteries with domestic waste. During transport, comply with the special regulations of the ADR and IATA.

1.5 Structure of the device, function

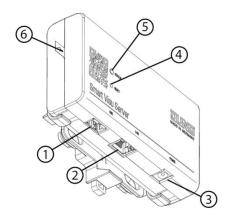


Figure 1: Structure of the Smart Visu Server

(1) USB interface	For software updates and data backup
(2) Ethernet interface	For connection to the local network
(3) Power supply	Only the power supply unit from the scope of delivery
(4) Reset button	Reset and update
(5) Status LED	Displays the current status of the server
(6) Discharge protection	Remove for operation

The status LED (5) displays the various operating states.

Colour of the status LED	Function
Flashing yellow	Server booting
Flashing red	Error pending, server stopping
Continuous dim yellow	Server and network booting
Continuous bright yellow	Server gets IP address
Continuous blue	Server ready, DHCP active
Continuous green	Server ready, static network address
Flashing blue/magenta	Update operation, DHCP active
Flashing green/magenta	Update operation, static network address

The reset button (4) triggers a reset or an update.

The reset batton (4) triggers a reset of an apacie.			
Reset network settings, DHCP	Press the button ≥ 5 seconds, LED flashes yellow, press the		
operation active	button again briefly		
Factory reset	Press the button for 20 seconds, LED flashes red, press the button again briefly		
Initialise update operation	Press the button briefly 5x - LED turns magenta: No update available - LED flashes magenta: Update operation		
Set rescue IP setting	Press the button for 10 seconds, LED flashes yellow with fast frequency, press the button again briefly		

1.6 System information

The Smart Visu Server is used to visualise and operate a KNX system connected to the same network via a smartphone, tablet, laptop or PC and to control SONOS and Philips Hue systems (SV-Home). A local network is required for it to function.

The connection to the KNX is made via the KNX IP interface. The connection to the Philips Hue system is made via the Philips Hue Bridge. The connection to the SONOS system is carried out via the local network.

Start-up takes place via the web-based interface (SV-Control). The technical documentation is also available here.

The server organises KNX functions, SONOS and Philips Hue operation into areas, functions and actions.

Areas: An area indicates an assignment, e.g. to a room. Up to 24 areas are

possible.

Function: A function corresponds to, for example, a KNX function, thus possibly

comprising multiple group addresses, e.g. switching channel with feedback. A function could also be the link to a Philips Hue lamp. Up to 240 functions can be created with up to 1200 data points. Each function

can be assigned to one or more areas.

Action: An action is a grouping of one or more functions. Actions can be triggered

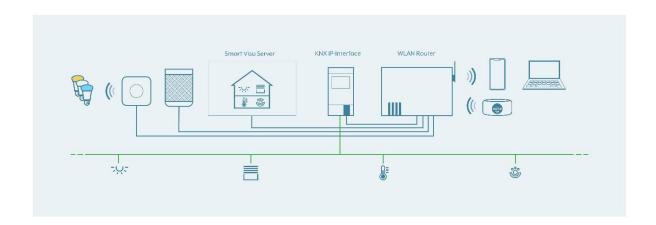
by events, by time or via user-defined controls. Up to 250 actions are

possible.

Action group: An action group is used to group individual actions. Up to 25 action groups

can be activated or deactivated as required.

KNX projects can be imported from the OPC export (3-level group address) of ETS3, ETS4 or ETS5 or be created manually (see chapter 2.2.2)

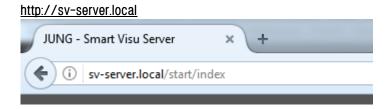


1.7 Installation, commissioning

Mounting takes place using the supplied retaining unit on the wall or on a support rail according to DIN EN 60715. The server is snapped onto the retaining unit.

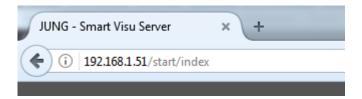
A current HTML5-capable browser (input device) or the corresponding iOS / Android app is required for access to SV-Home and SV-Control. The Smart Visu Server, KNX-IP Gateway, network router (DHCP active) and input device must all be a part of the same network. During start-up, the Smart Visu Server expects the assignment of an IP address via DHCP.

Remove the discharge protection from the server. Connect the server to the network and the power supply unit to the server. After the mains plug has been connected, the server will boot. As soon as the status LED turns blue, the server is ready for operation. In the address line of the Internet browser, enter:



This opens the homepage of the server.

If your network doesn't support it, then determine the IP address of the server in the router manually. Enter the determined address, e.g. 192.168.1.51, in the address line of your Internet browser, e.g.:



This opens the homepage of the server. On the homepage, for further actions, the web-based software tool "SV-Home" (1) can be used for the visualisation and operation of the Smart Visu Server, as can "SV-Control" (2) for the configuration and commissioning of the same.

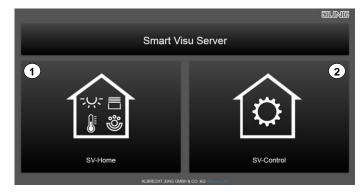


Figure 2: Homepage of the Smart Visu Server

1.7.1 SV-Home - User interface

The SV-Home is the integrated web interface of the Smart Visu Server for the visualisation, status display and operation of the KNX system, SONOS and the Philips Hue system. The SV-Home is generated automatically from the configuration set up in SV-Control.

A current HTML5-compatible (Firefox, Chrome, Safari, Opera) browser (input device) is required for access to SV-Home. The access of max. 10 different clients on the SV-Home web interface is recommended. When the server is opened, the SV-Home visualisation can be started by selecting the left button or http://IP-address/SV-Home/ (1).

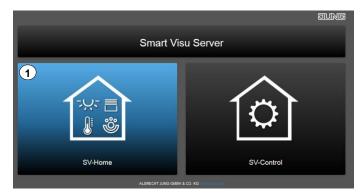


Figure 3: Opening SV-Home

The top pane (1) displays the areas created in SV-Control with the selected icon and name. It is also possible to display the defined area of the actions. Selecting an area displays the assigned functions and actions (2) beneath.



Figure 4: Structure of the SV-Home visualisation

Depending on the created function type, these functions visualise their status (e.g. the current room temperature) or offer a chance to influence it (e.g. move a venetian blind or dim a Philips Hue lamp).

1.7.2 SV-Control - Project Design interface

This subchapter is intended to help you get to know the structure of the project design interface. The following chapter describes the functions and exact procedure for project design in more detail.

SV-Control is the integrated web-based commissioning tool of the Smart Visu Server. In addition, the system configuration can be performed here.

A current HTML5-compatible browser (input device) or the corresponding iOS / Android app is required for access to SV-Control.

After calling up the SV start page, SV-Control can be started by selecting the right-hand button (1).

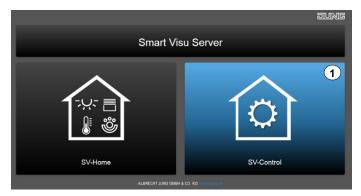


Figure 5: Opening SV-Control

The homepage of SV-Control then opens.



Figure 6: Start page of SV-Control

The product documentation can be opened using the " (1) button.

1.8 Warranty

- Warranty is offered according to the statutory provisions via specialist dealers.



- The CE symbol is a free trade symbol, intended solely for the authorities and does not carry any guarantee of properties.

2 SV-Control

This chapter describes the configuration and commissioning of the Smart Visu Server using SV-Control in detail.

2.1 **Project tab**

The "Project" tab serves as the homepage of SV-Control. Here, it is possible to set the required language (1), start project design (2), back up the overall project (3) or restore a previously backed up project (4).

After project design has been completed, access to the project design functions can be protected by assigning a password (5).

In addition, the product documentation (6) is stored in SV-Control in German and English.



Figure 7: SV-Control, Project tab

2.1.1 Manage language

The desired project design language at SV-Control (1) can be specified in the "Project" tab. It is possible to change over the language settings during commissioning or at a later time. This setting only applies in SV-Control and is identical for each client.

The following languages are available in the selection menu (1):

- English Dutch German French Portuguese Russian Italian - Spanish Polish Estonia - Lithuanian Latvian

- Ukrainian - Korean - Chinese

2.1.2 Start

Begin project design of the Smart Visu Server using the "Start" button (2).

2.1.3 Backing up a project

The backup of the current project design can be triggered using the "Backup" button (3). This operation can take a moment to complete. The project design can then be downloaded using the "Download" button (3).

2.1.4 Restoring a project

A previous project state can be restored using the "Restore" button (4). This operation can take a couple of minutes to complete.

INFORMATION

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The Smart Visu Server can only manage **one** project. If a project is downloaded using the "Restore" button, any existing project will be deleted.

2.1.5 Password protection

After project design has been completed, access to the elementary project design functions can be protected with a password (1).

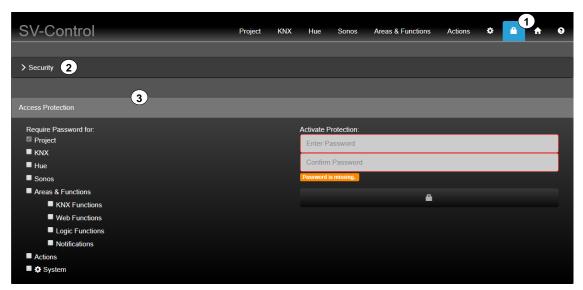


Figure 8: SV-Control, User administration tab

The SV-Control differentiates between complete / restricted access with "Administrator" and "User".

Administrator rights:

- Complete access to all tabs

User rights:

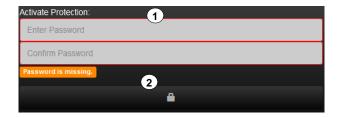
User access rights are determined by the check boxes of the respective tab / category. When a password is set, the user has no access within the "Project" tab.

Additional check boxes:

1.53.13.6	
KNX	- No access within "KNX" tab
Hue	- No access within "Hue" tab
SONOS	- No access within the "SONOS" tab
Areas & Functions	- No access within "Areas & Functions" tab
	 Right to create, change and delete areas
	 Right to add or delete "Hue functions" from areas
Exclusively	 No right to delete "KNX functions" or to edit group addresses of
KNX functions	KNX functions.
NNX Idiletions	 Only names and icons of KNX functions can be edited and they
	can be assigned to additional areas or deleted from assigned
	areas.
	 Right to create, change and delete areas
	 Right to add or delete "Hue functions" from areas
	 No right to delete "Web functions" or to edit the URL of Web
	functions
Web functions	 Only names and icons of web functions can be edited and they
	can be assigned to additional areas or deleted from assigned
	areas.
	D'.Lu.
	- Right to create, change and delete areas
	- Right to add or delete "Hue functions" from areas
	 No right to delete or edit "Logic functions" Only names and icons of logic functions can be edited and they
Logic functions	can be assigned to additional areas or deleted from assigned
	areas
	aleas
	- Right to create, change and delete areas
	- Right to add or delete "Hue functions" from areas
	- No right to delete or edit "Email functions"
	- Only names and icons of email functions can only be edited and
Notifications	they can be assigned to additional areas or deleted from
	assigned areas
	-
Actions	- No access within "Actions" tab
System	- No access within "System" tab
	- Limited access within "Access protection" tab
Additional tabs	- Full access within "SV-Home" tab
	- Full access within "Help" tab

Activating the "User" profile

It is possible to specify an Administrator password using the optional assignment of a password in the input fields (1). To activate the "User" profile and apply the password, press the "" button (2).



Administrator active:

The "User" profile is activated after optional assignment of a password.

Activating the "Administrator" profile

To activate the "Administrator" profile, enter the administrator password in the input field (1) and press the "Z" button (2).



User active:

The "Administrator" profile is activated after any set password is entered.

Security:

Encrypted communication can be created in the local network under the "Security" tab (2). On activation (3), a message (4) appears in the browser with further information. The certificate is already stored within the app (iOS / Android).

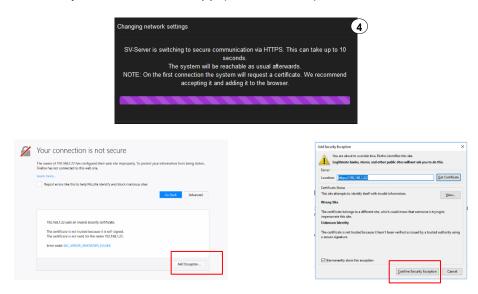


Figure 9: SV-Control – User administration tab – HTTPS configuration

2.1.6 SV-Home

SV Home can be called up using the " button (1) in Figure 10.

2.1.7 Product Documentation

The product documentation can be called up using the "O" button (1) in Figure 10.



Figure 10: SV-Control Access Protection

2.2 KNX

The "KNX" tab is used to define the KNX-IP Gateway and to import the KNX group addresses using the OPC project file.

2.2.1 Defining the KNX-IP Gateway

To be able to use the KNX functionality of the Smart Visu Server, a connection to the KNX system via a KNX-IP data interface is required, which can be reached from the Smart Visu Server via the IP network.

We recommend using one of the following KNX-IP data interfaces:

- Jung: KNX-IP interface ref. no.: IPS 300 SREG
- Jung: KNX-IP router ref. no.: IPR 300 SREG

The Smart Visu Server must be informed of the current IP address of the KNX-IP data interface. The simplest way to do this is to determine them from the ETS configuration of the device (static IP address active) or from the network router (DHCP active). Enter the determined IP address of the KNX-IP data interface in the "KNX-IP Gateway" field (2).

Immediately on entry, the connection to the KNX-IP data interface is checked. If the connection is successful, the test is visualised by a green tick ($^{\odot}$) or, if it is unsuccessful, by an orange triangle ($^{\triangle}$) at the end of the input line (3).

The button (①) provides more information about your KNX-IP data interface and the connection (4).

The "KNX" tab can be operated fully for both profiles (Administrator/User).



Figure 11: Defining the KNX-IP Gateway

If the connection is faulty, please check the following settings:

- The KNX-IP data interface is switched on and connected to the IP network
- The KNX-IP data interface has a valid IP address assignment for your system
 - o IP address
 - Subnet mask
 - Routing Multicast address
- The KNX-IP data interface is set to Port 3671
- The KNX-IP data interface has at least one free physical tunnel connection
- The KNX-IP data interface communicates according to KNXnet-IP tunnelling

2.2.2 Importing the KNX-OPC project file

SV-Control only offers the possibility of importing ETS projects with a 3-level group address structure in the form of OPC project files. OPC project files can be generated from the ETS3 (File → Data Exchange), ETS4 (Tools → Export OPC) and ETS5 (Export project → file type - OPC) and contain all the group addresses, group names, group descriptions and data types created in your project.

The OPC project file helps you to connect the KNX functions of your Smart Visu Server to the appropriate group addresses of the ETS project quickly and simply.

To import the OPC project file, click the "button (1). You will then be asked to select the file and upload it to the Smart Visu Server. After uploading, all the imported group addresses are listed below the Import function, together with the group name, the group description and the data type length.

You can delete the entire OPC project file using the " button (2).

You now have the option of actively filtering in the input field (3) (e.g. by name or group addresses) or to display the sorted list by clicking the appropriate column header (group address, status, etc.).

Individual group addresses which are not required can be deleted from the list by clicking the " (4) button in the appropriate line.

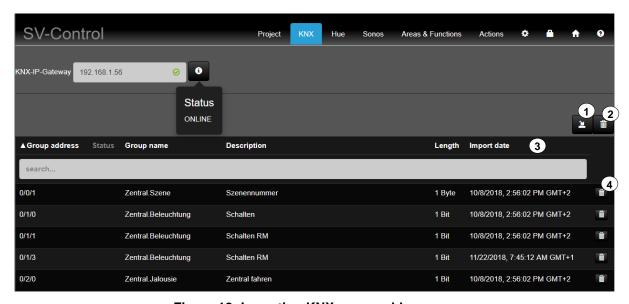


Figure 12: Importing KNX group addresses

2.3 Hue

The "Hue" tab is used for the definition of the <u>Philips Hue Bridge</u> /<u>Phoscon Gateways</u> (hereafter gateway) and to import previously integrated Hue devices and other ZigBee Light Link components.

The "Hue" tab can be operated fully for both profiles (Administrator/User).

2.3.1 Defining the Hue-IP Gateway

The Smart Visu Server supports the integration, visualisation and operation of the Philips Hue Systems / Phoscon Gateways.

To be able to use the hue functionality of the Smart Visu Server, a Philips Hue Bridge is required, which can be reached from the Smart Visu Server via the IP network. In addition, the gateway must have been commissioned. Please refer to the manufacturer's documentation for the appropriate steps.

The IP address of the gateway is automatically detected by the Smart Visu Server and displayed in the "Hue-IP-Gateway" (1) text box.

To couple the bridge with the Smart Visu Server, press the Pairing button of the bridge for authentication (2).

Successful pairing is visualised by a green tick ($^{\odot}$) at the end of the input line (3). A faulty connection or unsuccessful pairing is visualised by an orange triangle ($^{\triangle}$) in the same location.



Figure 13: Defining the Philips Hue Bridge

2.3.2 Importing Hue lamps

The lamps and scenes configured in the gateway are then listed below with their name and current status. Only lamps and scenes which are configured in the bridge are listed.

By pressing the "button (1), selected lamps and scenes can be added as a hue function. Lamps or scenes that have already been added can be removed again with the same button (2). If you would like to add further lamps that are not listed, they must first be configured in the gateway.

In the dropdown menu, all the lamps and scenes can be displayed with "All" or you can choose between "Lights" and "Scenes" (3).

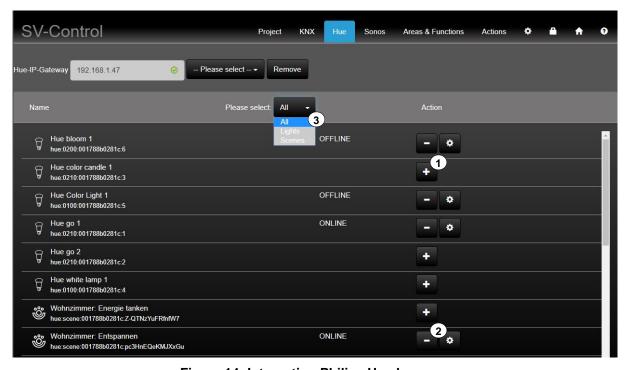


Figure 14: Integrating Philips Hue lamps



2.3.2.1 ZigBee – tested devices

Group	Figure	Name	Compatibility
WHITE		Hue White WW Truar	•
	Production of the control of the con	Hue GU10 TW Adore	V
		Hue White Ambience E14 TW	,
		Hue White Ambience E27 TW	,
UNEABLE WHITE		Hue White Ambience Flexstrip TW	V
TUNEAB		Hue White Ambience Being TW	,
I		Hue White Ambience Flexstrip TW	,
		Hue White Ambience Cher	•
		Hue White Ambience Wellness TW	V

	Hue White Ambience Wellness TW	V
	Hue White Ambience Flexstrip TW	V
	Hue White Ambience Spot Pillar TW	•
WHITE	Hue White Ambience – Spot Runner GU10 TW	V
TUNEABLE WHITE	Hue Beyond TW	v
⊢	Adore bathroom mirror	V
	Adore mirror light	V
	Hue Phoenix TW	,

		·	
		Hue E27 RGBW	V
M ₂		Hue GU10 RGBW	V
RGBW		Hue White and Colour Ambience RGBW	V
		Hue LightStrip RGBW	V
	1100	Hue LightStrip Plus RGBW	~
		Hue Go RGBW	V
RGBW		Hue Play	V
		Hue Outdoor Stripe	V
		Hue Signe	V

	Hue Ensis	~
	Hue Calla	,
	Turaco	,
	Lily	,
	Hue Iris RGBW	(✔) Attention! Must be Friends of Hue certified!
	Hue Bloom RGBW	(✔) Attention! Must be Friends of Hue certified!

2.4 SONOS

The "SONOS" tab is used for the native import of SONOS speakers in the Smart Visu Server. They must be configured beforehand in a SONOS account.

2.4.1 Inserting SONOS devices

The Smart Visu Server supports the integration, visualisation and operation of the SONOS system.

To be able to use the SONOS functionality of the Smart Visu Server, it is first necessary to set up the SONOS speakers which can be carried out by the Smart Visu Server via the IP network. The SONOS speakers must be fully set up beforehand in a SONOS account. This includes the storing of playlists, radio stations and local music so that they can be selected in the Smart Visu Server. Parallel operation via UPnP is not possible.

The SONOS speakers are automatically detected (1) and displayed directly (2) by the Smart Visu Server by pressing the "2" button.

By pressing the "**" button (3), selected speakers can be added as a SONOS function. Speakers that have already been added can be removed again with the same "**" button (4). If you would like to add further speakers which are not listed, they must first be configured in the identical SONOS account.

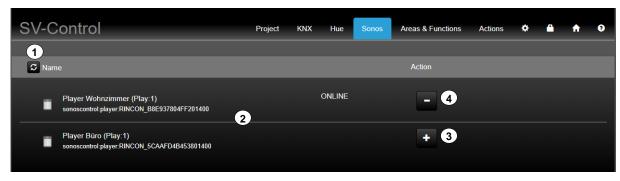


Figure 15: Integrating the SONOS speakers

2.4.1.1 SONOS – supported devices

Figure	Name	Compatible
	SONOS One	/ *
	SONOS Play:1	v *
501/05	SONOS Play:3	~
	SONOS Play:5	/ *
	SONOS BEAM	~
	SONOS Playbar	~ *

SONOS Amp	•
SONOS Outdoor- Speaker	~
SONOS In-Wall Speaker	•

^{*} tested speakers between SONOS API and Smart Visu Server

Date: 04/2019

2.5 Area & Functions

An area is a group of functions and actions for visualisation in SV-Home under an individual area name. To improve recognition, an icon can be added to each of the up to 24 areas.

Areas allow you to group a maximum of 240 functions and 250 actions as you require, e.g. spatially and/or by unit. Functions can be assigned to multiple areas simultaneously.

The access rights within the "Area & Functions" tab are limited for the "User" profile. Overview of the access rights with activated check boxes:

A	User					Admin
Access	Areas & Functions	KNX	Web	Logic	Notification	
Create new areas Edit the names of the areas Edit the icons of the areas Edit the sequence of functions within the areas Delete existing areas	_	•				
Create new KNX functions	-	-	~	>	✓	_
Create new web functions	-	V	-	~	✓	V
Create new logic function	-	V	V	-	~	~
Create new notification	-	V	V	~	-	~
Edit the names of the KNX functions Edit the names of the web functions Edit the names of the logic functions Edit the names of the notifications	_	*				
Edit the icons of the KNX functions Edit the icons of the web functions Edit the icons of the logic functions Edit the icons of the notifications	_	~				
Edit the group address of the KNX functions		-	~	~	~	~
Edit the URL of the web functions		~	-	~	~	~
Edit the update rate of the web functions		~	-	~	~	~
Edit the resolution of the web functions	-	>	-	>	>	>
Edit the inputs of the logic functions		>	>	-	~	>
Edit limit values (logic)		V	>	-	>	~
Edit email recipients and content		>	~	>	-	>
Assign new existing KNX functions to new areas	-	~				
Remove existing KNX functions from new areas	-	~				
Permanently delete existing KNX functions			~	~	~	~
Permanently delete existing web KNX functions	_	•		~	~	~
Permanently delete existing logic functions	_	~	~	- .	~	~
Permanently delete existing notifications		~	~	~	- .	~

Table 1: Access rights of Administrator and User

2.5.1 Creating a new area

The maximum of 24 areas must be provided individual names. In addition icons from the SV-Server library or additional descriptions can be added. The "User" and the "Administrator" have identical access rights within the "Areas" column.

To create a new area, enter the name of the new area in the "Areas" column (1) and then press the "button (2). The new area is added to the area list with its name and is selected automatically.

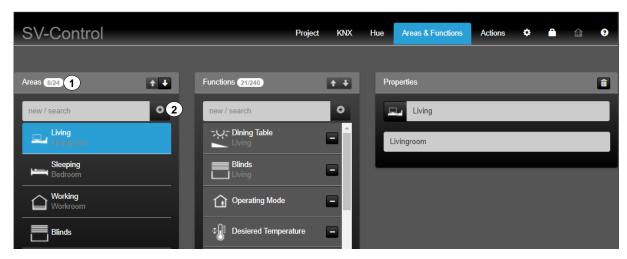


Figure 16: Creating new areas

The arrow buttons "13 allow you to change the order of an area, after selecting it, and thus to move the position in SV-Home. The top area in the SV-Control (from top to bottom) is displayed as the first area in SV-Home (from left to right).

In the "Properties" column, it is possible to assign an icon to the selected area by pressing the currently selected icon "4" (4), edit the name of the area (5) and, beneath that, add a description (6).

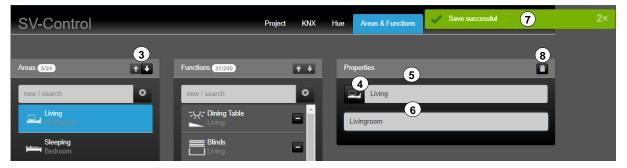


Figure 17: Individualisation of created areas

2.5.2 Editing or deleting areas

Select an area to edit or delete it. The "Areas" column lists all the existing areas.

In the "Properties" column, it is possible to assign an alternative icon to the selected area by pressing the currently selected icon "(3), edit the name of the area (4) and, beneath that, add a description (5).

The changes are saved automatically and briefly displayed by a green display "Save successful".

To fully delete the selected area, press the "" button (7).

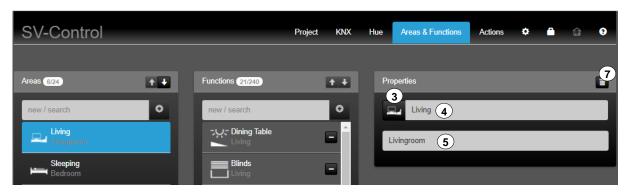


Figure 18: Editing or deleting areas

The area has favourites within the symbol library (5). Additional icons are available via the "button.

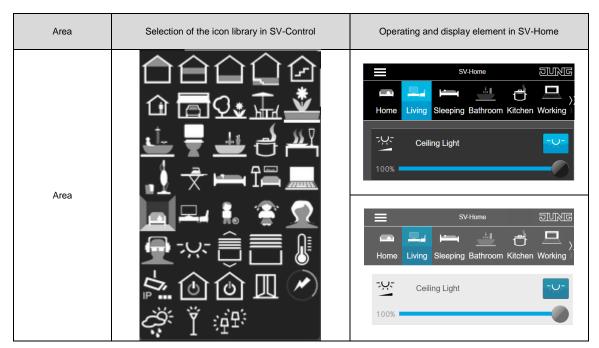


Table 1: individualisation of areas

2.5.3 Creating a new function

A function corresponds to, for example, a KNX function, which possibly comprises multiple group addresses. Up to 240 functions can be given individual names, icons from the SV-Server library or additional descriptions. Each function can be assigned to one or more areas or to none.

Access as Administrator

To create a new function, enter the name of the new function in the "Functions" column (1) and then press the "o" button (2).



Figure 19: Create new function

A suitable function must be selected in the pop-up window from the available types (3).

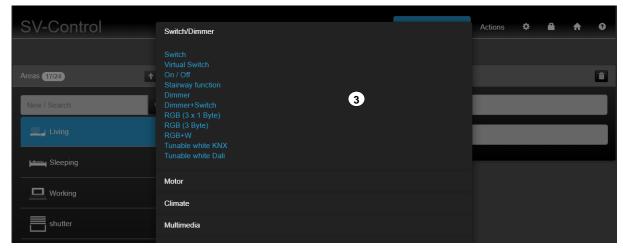


Figure 20: Selection of the appropriate function from the function type

The new function is added in the list of functions with its name, automatically selected and assigned to a selected area if required (4).

A symbol can be assigned to the selected function by pressing the current symbol (5). The name of the function can be edited (6) and a description (7) can be added.

The changes are stored automatically and represented by a green display.

In addition, the button "O" (8) indicates whether the entries of the group addresses are stored.

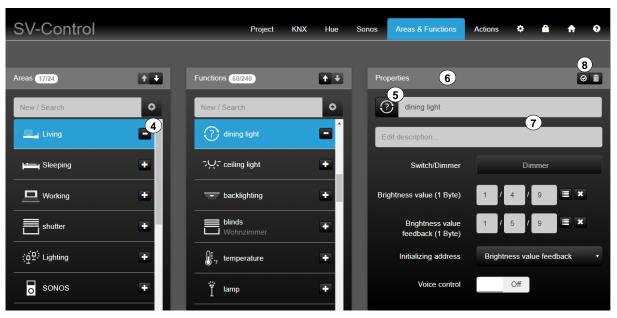


Figure 21: Structure of the "Areas and Functions" tab

Access as User

You require Administrator rights to be able to create new KNX functions (see chapter 2.1.5).

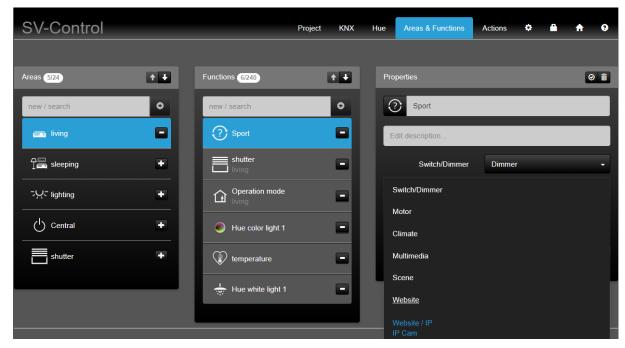


Figure 22: Access rights of the user with access to web functions

2.5.4 Configuring KNX functions

Successful commissioning of the KNX system and definition of the KNX-IP Gateway in SV-Control are required to be able to use KNX functions.

Access as Administrator or User

The "User" and the "Administrator" can have different access rights to KNX functions within the "Functions" column. The different access rights can be taken from. Table 1: Access rights of Administrator and User

Each KNX function can be described by a specific function type and summarises suitable ETS group addresses.

The following function types are available to the Administrator:

Function	KNX function	KNX group addresses			Depiction in SV-Control		
type		Write addresses	Size DPT	Read addresses	Size [DPT]		
Switch / Dimmer	Switch	Switch (1 Bit)	1 Bit 1.001	Switch feedback	1 Bit 1.001	Switch/Dimmer Switch Switch (1 Bit) Switch feedback (1 Bit) Initializing address — no initializing address —	
	On / Off	On / Off (1 Bit)	1 Bit 1.001			Switch/Dimmer On / Off On / Off (1 Bit) Value 0	
	Stairway function	Switch [0 or 1] 1 = ON delay 0 = OFF delay	1 Bit 1.001			Stainway function Edit description Switch/Dimmer Stainway function On / Off (1 Bit) / /	
	Dimmer	Brightness value	8 Bit 5.001	Brightness value feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Switch/Dimmer Dimmer Brightness value (1 Byte) Brightness value feedback (1 Byte) Initializing address - no initializing address - v	
	Dimmer/Switch	Brightness value	8 Bit 5.001	Brightness value feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Switch/Dimmer Dimmer+Switch Brightness value (1 Byte) Brightness value feedback (1 Byte) Initializing address - no initializing address - V	
		Switch	Switch (1 Bit)	1 Bit 1.001	Switch feedback	Switch (1 Bit) Switch feedback (1 Bit) Initializing address no initializing address	

	<u> </u>						The state of the s
						Switch/Dimmer	RGB (3 x 1 Byte)
		Send value red	8 Bit 5.001	Value red feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Send value red (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
						Value red feedback (1 Byte)	/
						Initializing address R	— no initializing address ▼
		Send value	8 Bit	Value green	8 Bit	Send value green (1 Byte)	/
	RGB (3 x 1	green	5.001	feedback	5.001	Value green feedback (1 Byte)	
	Byte)					Initializing address G	– no initializing address ▼
						Send value blue (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
		Send value blue	8 Bit 5.001	Value blue feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Value blue feedback (1 Byte)	
						Initializing address B	— no initializing address — ▼
		Switch	1 Bit	Switch	1 Bit	Switch (1 Bit)	/ / E
			1.001	feedback	1.001	Switch feedback (1 Bit)	/ / E ×
		Send value RGB	24 Bit 232.600	Value RGB feedback		Switch/Dimmer	RGB (3 Byte) ▼
					24 Bit 232.600	Send value RGB (3 Byte)	
	RGB (3 Byte)					Value RGB feedback (3 Byte)	
	(o byto)	Switch	1 Bit 1.001	Switch feedback	1 Bit 1.001	Initializing address RGB	– no initializing address – ▼
						Switch (1 Bit)	
						Switch feedback (1 Bit)	/ I I I
						Switch/Dimmer	RGBW →
		Send value RGB	24 Bit 232.600	Value RGB feedback	24 Bit 232.600	Send value RGB (3 Byte)	/
		NOD	202.000	Toodbaok	202.000	Value RGB feedback (3 Byte)	/ / E ×
						Initializing address RGB	no initializing address ▼
	RGB+W KNX	Send value	8 Bit	Value white	8 Bit	Send value white (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
		white	white 5.001	feedback	5.001	Value white feedback (1 Byte)	/
						Initializing address W	— no initializing address — ▼
		Switch	1 Bit 1.001	Switch feedback	1 Bit 1.001	Switch (1 Bit)	/
						Switch feedback (1 Bit)	/ / E
1	1			1	1		

						Switch/Dimmer	Tunable white KNX •
		Send value	8 Bit 5.001	Value feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Brightness value (1 Byte)	/ I ×
			3.001	reeuback	3.001	Brightness value feedback (1 Byte)	/
						Initializing address	no initializing address ▼
	Tunable white KNX	Absolute color	16 Bit	Absolute color temperature feedback	16 Bit	Send value cold white (1 Byte)	/ / E
		temperature	7.600		7.600	Value cold white feedback (1 Byte)	/
						Initializing address cold white	no initializing address ▼
		Switch	1 Bit 1.001	Switch feedback	1 Bit 1.001	Switch (1 Bit)	/ I = ×
						Switch feedback (1 Bit)	/ I = ×
				Value feedback		Switch/Dimmer	Tunable white Dali
		Send value	8 Bit 5.001		8 Bit 5.001	Brightness value (1 Byte)	/ E ×
				Todabadk	0.001	Brightness value feedback (1 Byte)	/ = ×
						Initializing address	– no initializing address – ▼
	Tunable white Dali	Absolute color temperature	16 Bit 7.600	Absolute color temperature feedback	16 Bit 7.600	Send value color temperature (2 Byte)	/
						Value color temperature feedback (2 Byte)	/ = ×
						Initializing address color temperature	- no initializing address v
		Value range	0 - 65535			Range of values	2500 6500 \$
		Switch	1 Bit	Switch	1 Bit	Switch (1 Bit)	/ I ×
		O Milon	1.001	feedback	1.001	Switch feedback (1 Bit)	/
		Long time	1 Bit 1.008			Motor UP/DOWN/STOP	-
	UP / DOWN / STOP	Short time	1 Bit 1.008			Long time (1 E	
						Short time (1 E	Bit) / /
		Long time	1 Bit 1.008			Motor	UP / DOWN / STOP (State)
	UP / DOWN /		1 Bit			Long time (1 Bit)	/
Motor	STOP (State)	Short time	1.008			Short time (1 Bit) Curtain position feedback	
Motor				Curtain position	8 Bit 5.001	(1 Byte)	
				feedback	3.001	Initializing address	no initializing address ▼
						Motor	Rollershutter / Awning
	Rollershutter/ Awning	Curtain position	8 Bit 5.001	Curtain position	8 Bit 5.001	Curtain position (1 Byte) Curtain position feedback	
				feedback		(1 Byte)	
						Initializing address	— no initializing address — ▼

						Motor	Venetian Blinds (Slider)
		Curtain position	8 Bit	Curtain position	8 Bit	Curtain position (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
		Curtain position	5.001	feedback	5.001	Curtain position feedback (1 Byte)	/ / E
	Venetian Blinds (Slider)					Initializing address position	no initializing address ▼
						Slat position (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
		Slat position	8 Bit 5.001	Slat position feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Slat position feedback (1 Byte)	/ / E
						Initializing address blade	no initializing address ▼
		Long time	1 Bit			Motor	Venetian Blinds (Button) →
			1.008			Long time (1 Bit)	/ I I I
		Short time	1 Bit 1.008			Short time (1 Bit)	/
						Curtain position (1 Byte)	
	Venetian Blinds (Button)	Curtain position	8 Bit 5.001	Curtain position feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Curtain position feedback (1 Byte)	/ **
	(Bullott)					Initializing address position	no initializing address •
						Slat position (1 Byte)	/ / / E
		Slat position	8 Bit 5.001	Slat position feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Slat position feedback (1 Byte)	/ / I ×
						Initializing address blade	no initializing address v

	Ventilate	Fan Mode	1 Bit 1.001	Fan level feedback	8 Bit 5.010	Fan Mode (1 Bit) Initializing address Fan Level Feedback (1 Byte) Initializing address - no initializing address - no initializing address - no initializing address - no initializing address
	Operation mode	Switch operation mode	8 Bit 20.102	Switch operation mode feedback	8 Bit 20.102	Climate Operation Mode Switch operation mode (1
Climate	HVAC Control Mode	Switch operation mode	8 Bit 20.102	Switch operation mode feedback	8 Bit 20.102	Switch operation mode (1 Byte) Switch operation mode feedback (1 Byte) Initializing address — no initializing address — v
		Setpoint	16 Bit 9.001	Display temperature	16 Bit 9.001	Climate Base Setpoint •
	Base Setpoint			Actual temperature	16 Bit 9.001	Setpoint (2 Byte) Initializing address — no initializing address — no initializing address — no initializing address — no initializing address Actual Temperature (2 Byte) Initializing address — no initializing address — no initializing address — Range of values 7

						Climate	Setpoint Shift 🕶
						Setpoint shift (1 Byte)	/
		Setpoint shift	8 Bit 6.010	Setpoint shift feedback	8 Bit 6.010	Setpoint shift feedback (1 Byte)	<i>t</i>
						Initializing address	— no initializing address ▼
	Setpoint shift					Display temperature (2 Byte)	/
				Display	16 Bit	Initializing address	– no initializing address – ▼
				temperature	9.001	Actual Temperature (2 Byte)	<i>t</i>
				Actual temperature	16 Bit 9.001	Initializing address	— no initializing address ▼
						Climate	HVAC Group ▼
				Display temperature	16 Bit 9.001	Display temperature (2 Byte)	
						Initializing address	no initializing address —
				Actual temperature	16 Bit 9.001	Actual Temperature (2 Byte)	/ E ×
						Initializing address	– no initializing address – ▼
						Setpoint shift (1 Byte)	/ I I I
	HVAC Group	Setpoint shift	8 Bit 6.010	Setpoint shift feedback	8 Bit 6.010	Setpoint shift feedback (1 Byte)	/
						Initializing address	– no initializing address – ▼
		Switch operation	8 Bit	Switch operation	8 Bit	Switch operation mode (1 Byte)	/
		mode	5.010	mode feedback	5.010	Switch operation mode feedback (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
						Initializing address	– no initializing address – ▼
						OP Mode 1	Comfort 1
						OP Mode 2	Standby 2

	T	T					
						Multimedia	Playlist Various +
			8 Bit		8 Bit	Volume (1 Byte)	/
		Volume	5.001	Volume feedback	5.001	Volume Feedback (1 Byte)	/
Multi- media						Initializing address Volume	no initializing address ▼
						Text 1 (14 Byte)	/ *
		Text 1/2/3	14 Byte			Text 2 (14 Byte)	
	Playlist Various		16.001			Text 3 (14 Byte)	
						Play / Pause (1 Bit)	/
		Play/Pause	1 Bit 1.010	Play/Pause feedback	1 Bit 1.010	Play / Pause Feedback (1 Bit)	/
			1.010	тееараск	1.010	Initializing address Play	no initializing address •
		Playlist	1 Bit 1.007			Playlist (1 Bit)	/
		Track	1 Bit 1.007			Track (1 Bit)	/ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
		Playlist selection	8 Bit 5.010			Playlist selection (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
						Multimedia	Playlist Mode 🕶
		Volume	8 Bit 5.001	Volume feedback	8 Bit	Volume (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
					5.001	Volume Feedback (1 Byte)	/ / / E ×
						Initializing address Volume	no initializing address ▼
		Text 1/2/3	14 Byte 16.001			Text 1 (14 Byte)	/ / E ×
						Text 2 (14 Byte)	/ / / E
						Text 3 (14 Byte)	/ / = ×
						Play / Pause (1 Bit)	/
		Play/Pause	1 Bit	Play/Pause	1 Bit	Play / Pause Feedback (1 Bit)	/ / / E ×
Multi- media	Playlist Mode	,	1.010	feedback	1.010	Initializing address Play	no initializing address ▼
		Track	1 Bit 1.007			Track (1 Bit)	/ / / E ×
		Playlist	1 Bit 1.007			Playlist (1 Bit)	/ / / = ×
			1.007			Repeat (1 Bit)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Repeat	1 Bit	Repeat feedback	1 Bit	Repeat Feedback (1 Bit)	/ / = ×
						Initializing address Repeat	no initializing address ▼
		O. "	1 Bit	Ob. # ' '	1 Bit	Shuffle (1 Bit)	/
		Shuffle	1.003	Shuffle feedback	1.003	Shuffle Feedback (1 Bit)	/
			:			Initializing address Shuffle	no initializing address ▼
		Playlist selection	8 Bit 5.010			Playlist selection (1 Byte)	/ / E

		Volume	8 Bit 5.001	Volume feedback	8 Bit 5.001	Multimedia Volume (1 Byte) Volume Feedback (1 Byte) Initializing address Volume	Multimedia Sonos /
		Text 1/2/3	14 Byte 16.001			Text 1 (14 Byte) Text 2 (14 Byte) Text 3 (14 Byte)	
		Play/Pause	1 Bit 1.010	Play/Pause feedback	1 Bit 1.010	Play / Pause (1 Bit) Play / Pause Feedback (1 Bit) Initializing address Play	/ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Multi-		Track	1 Bit 1.007			Track (1 Bit)	/
media	Playlist Mode	Playlist	1 Bit 1.007			Playlist (1 Bit)	
						Repeat (1 Bit)	/ * / * *
		Repeat	1 Bit 1.003	Repeat feedback	1 Bit 1.003	Repeat Feedback (1 Bit)	/ * / * *
						Initializing address Repeat	no initializing address ▼
		Shuffle	1 Bit 1.003	Shuffle feedback	1 Bit 1.003	Shuffle (1 Bit) Shuffle Feedback (1 Bit)	
						Initializing address Shuffle	no initializing address ▼
		Playlist selection	8 Bit 5.010			Playlist selection (1 Byte)	/ / E ×
						Connect (1 Bit)	/
		Connect	1 Bit 1.017	Connect feedback	1 Bit 1.017	Connect Feedback (1 Bit)	/ / / E ×
						Initializing address Connect	no initializing address ▼
						Scene Activate scene	
	Activate scene	Scene group address	8 Bit 18.001			Scene group address (1 E	
Scene						Scene Activate & Learn	scene
	Activate & learn scene	Scene group address	8 Bit 18.001			Scene group address (1 E	Byte)
						Scene value to s	send 1 Å
						Value / State	Display 1-bit (boolean)
Value /	Display 1 Bit			Status	1 Bit e.g.	Status (1 Bit)	/ / E ×
State	(boolean)				1.001	Initializing address	no initializing address ▼
						Conversion	■ Invert

Display 1 Byte (0100%)	 	Value	8 Bit e.g. 5.010	Value / State Display 1-Byte (0100%) Value (1 Byte) Unit Unit Initializing address — ▼
Display 1 Byte (0255%)	 	Value	8 Bit e.g. 5.004	Value / State Display 1-Byte (0255%) Value (1 Byte) Unit Initializing address — v
Display 1 Byte (0360°)	 	Value	8 Bit e.g. 14.007	Value / State Display 1-Byte (0360°) Value (1 Byte) Unit Initializing address — ▼
Display 2 Byte (float)	 	Value	16 Bit e.g. 9.001	Value/State Display 2-Byte (float) Value (2 Byte) Unit C Intializing address — no initializing address — Value/State Display 2-Byte (float) Value/State Display 2-Byte (float)
Display 2 Byte (lux)	 	Value	16 Bit e.g. 7.013	Value / State Display 2-Byte (lux) Value (2 Byte) Unit Ix Initializing address Conversion Divide 1,000
Display 2 Byte (time)	 	Value	16 Bit e.g. 7.005	Value / State Display 2-Byte (time) Value (2 Byte) Unit Initializing address — no initializing address — ▼ Conversion No conversion ▼
Display 4 Byte (GPS)	 	Value	32 Bit e.g. 14.007	Value / State Display 4-Byte (GPS) Value (4 Byte) Unit Initializing address — no initializing address — Value / State Display 4-Byte (GPS) ** Value / State Dis
Display 4 Byte value (float)	 	Value	32 Bit e.g. 14.056	Value (4 Byte) Unit Unit Unit Conversion Display 4-Byte (float) Initializing address T Divide 1,000

					140.000	B. 1 (B. 1) 11)
					Value / State	Display 4-Byte (unsigned integer)+
	Display 4 Byte value	 	Value	32 Bit e.g.	Value (4 Byte)	<i>i</i>
	(unsigned integer)	 	1 4.40	12.001	Unit	#
					Initializing address	no initializing address V
					Value / State	Display 4-Byte (integer)
					Value (4 Byte)	
	Display 4 Byte value	 	Value	32 Bit e.g.	Unit	Wh
	(signed integer)			13.013	Initializing address	no initializing address ▼
					Conversion	Divide 1,000
	Diaplay 14 Pyta			112 Bit	Value/State Display 14 Byt	te (ASCII)
	Display 14 Byte ASCII	 	Value	e.g. 16.001	Value (14 By	te)
		 	Temperature	16 Bit 9.001	Value / State	Weather Universal +
		 	Rainfall	1 Bit 1.011	Temperature (2 Byte)	
		 	Wind speed	16 Bit 9.005	Rainfall (1 Bit)	
		 	Wind alert 1	1 Bit 1.005 1 Bit		
	Weather Universal	 	Wind alert 2	1.005 16 Bit	Windspeed (2 Byte)	/ / E *
		 	Pressure	9.006 16 Bit	Wind alert 1 (1 Bit)	/ / E ×
		 	Humidity	9.007 16 Bit	Wind alert 2 (1 Bit)	/ / 🔳
		 	Brightness	7.013	Pressure (2 Byte)	/ / E ×
		 			Conversion	No conversion -
			Twilight		Humidity (2 Byte)	/ / E ×
				16 Bit 7.013	Brightness (2 Byte)	/
					Conversion	Divide 1,000
					Twilight (2 Byte)	/ I = ×
Weather					Astro	■ Show sunrise/-set times
				10 0	Weather	Weather Home ▼
		 	Temperature	16 Bit 9.001	Temperature (2 Byte)	/ *
		 	Rainfall	1 Bit 1.011	Rainfall (1 Bit)	/
		 	Wind speed	16 Bit 9.005	Windspeed (2 Byte)	/ * / * * *
				1 Bit	Conversion	Convert m/s to km/h
	Weather Home	 	Wind alert 1	1.005	Wind alert 1 (1 Bit)	/
		 	Wind alert 2	1 Bit 1.005	Wind alert 2 (1 Bit)	/
		 	Brightness	16 Bit 7.013	Brightness (2 Byte)	/ = ×
					Conversion	Divide 1,000
		 	Twilight	16 Bit 7.013	Twilight (2 Byte)	/
					Astro	☑ Show sunrise/-set times

	T	I		Ι	5.010		
				Operation mode			
				Base setpoint	9.001	Value / State	Threshold -
				Setpoint adjustment	9.001	Lower/upper bound	
	Threshold			Function group HVAC	9.001	Lowerrupper bound Unit	Unit
				Display 1 Byte	5.001		
				Display 2 Byte		Search function	*
				Display 4 Byte	9.001		
				Diopiay 1 Dylo	14.056		Town on the second
		Value	8 Bit 5.004			Value transmitter	Send 1-Byte (0255%)
	Send 1 Byte		0.055			Value (1 Byte)	<i>i</i>
	(0255%)	Value	0 -255			Value	0
		Range of values	0 - 255			Range of values	0 255
						A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
	Send 2 Byte (lux)	Value	16 Bit 7.013			Value transmitter	Send 2-Byte (lux)
		Value send	0 -			Value (2 Byte)	/ I = ×
			99999			Value	0
		Range of values	0 - 99999			Range of values	0 99999
Value		Value	2 Byte 7.005			Value transmitter	Send 2-Byte (time)
transmitter			-			Value (2 Byte)	/ / I
	Value transmitter 2 Byte (time)	Value send	99999			Value	0 💠
			99999				
		Range of values	99999			Range of values	-99999 🗢 99999 🗢
			99999				
		Time	3 Byte 10.001			Value transmitter	Date / Time (2 x 3 Byte)
	Date / Time					Time (3 Byte)	/ / E ×
	(2 x 3 Byte)	Date	3 Byte 11.001			Date (3 Byte)	/
						Value transmitter	Date + Time (1 x 8 Byte) ▼
	Date + time (1 x 8 Byte)	Date and time	8 Byte 19.001			Date and Time (8 Byte)	/

2.5.4.1 Switch / Dimmer

If required, the function type "Switch / Dimmer" can be depicted by four KNX functions.

Switch:

The "Switch" function (1) is the standard KNX function for the simple switching on and off of switch actuators. In the "Switch" function, a group address can be defined for writing "Switch" status changes (2) as can a group address for reading "Switch feedback" feedback (3).

In addition, the current status of a group address can be polled by defining an initialisation address (4) on starting the system.



Figure 23: Parameters of the "Switch" function

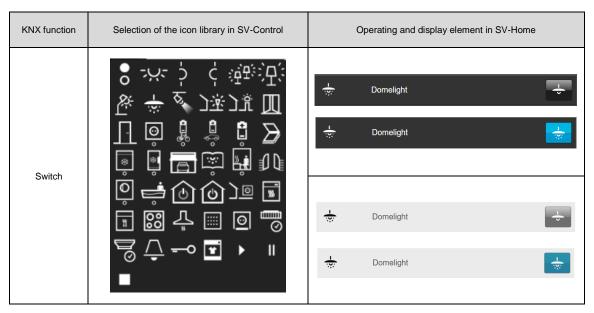


Table 2: Display of the "Switch" function

On / Off:

The "On / Off" (1) function is stateless (without feedback) for targeted triggering of a switching signal (e.g. only switch-off). A group address "On / Off" (2) can be configured for writing the value specified in the input field "Value" (3).



Figure 24: Parameters of the "On / Off" function

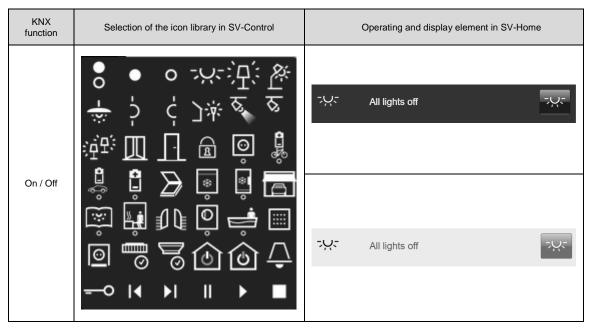


Table 3: Display of the "On / Off" function

Stairway function:

The "Stairway function" (1) can be used for switching on/off loads with a time delay. A restart of the stairway function fully retriggers the stairway time. A group address "On / Off" (2) can be configured to write the value defined in the "Value" input field (ON delay = 0, OFF delay = 1). Once the period has elapsed, the value entered under (3) is inverted and sent. The following staircase times (4) are available:

- 1 second1 minute
 - 5 seconds 5 minutes
- 30 seconds 30 minutes
- 1 hour 2 hours
- 3 hours4 hours

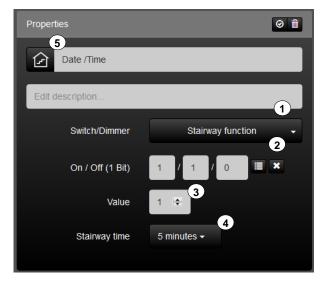


Figure 25: Parameters of the function "Stairway function"

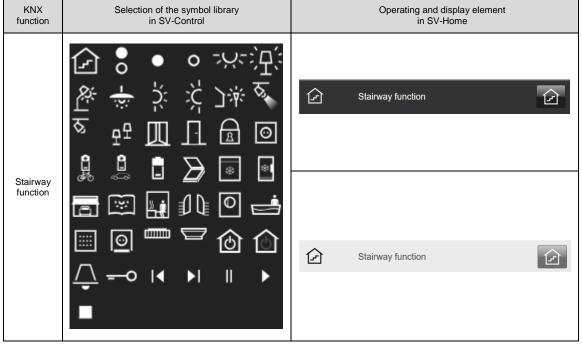


Table 4: Display of the "Stairway function"

Dimmer/Switch:

The "Dimmer + Switch" function (1) is used for the simple dimming of dimmer actuators. A "Switching" (2) and / or "Brightness value" (4) group address can be configured for switching or writing a new brightness value. In the same way, it is possible to configure the group addresses "Switch feedback" (3) and "Brightness value feedback" (5) in order to read the feedback.

In addition, the current status of a selectable group address can be polled by defining an initialisation address (6) on starting the system.



Figure 26: Parameters of the "Dimmer/Switch" function

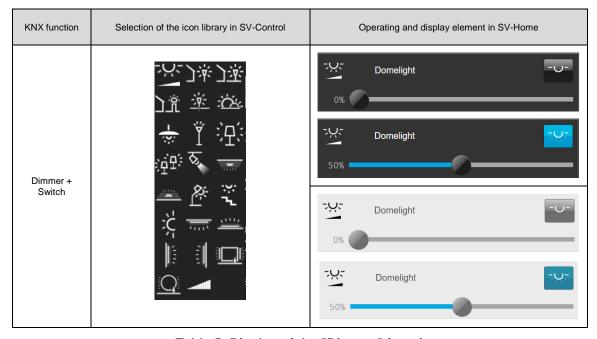


Table 5: Display of the "Dimmer" function

Dimmer:

The "Dimmer" function (1) is used for the simple dimming of dimmer actuators. A "Brightness value" (2) group address can be configured for switching or writing a new brightness value. In the same way, it is possible to configure the group addresses "Brightness value feedback" (3) in order to read the feedback.

In addition, the current status of a selectable group address can be polled by defining an initialisation address (5) on starting the system.



Figure 27: Parameters of the "Dimmer" function

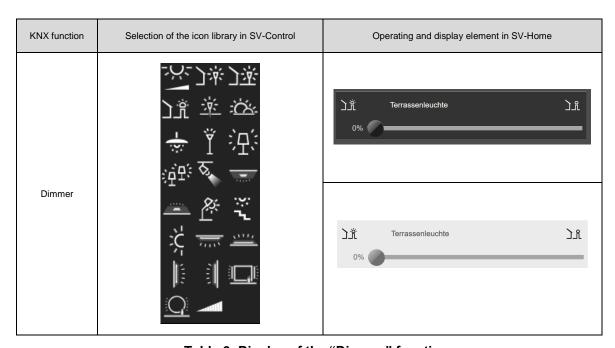


Table 6: Display of the "Dimmer" function

RGB (3 x 1 Byte):

The function "RGB (3 x 1 Byte)" (1) is the KNX function for controlling RGB dimming actuators. With the group address e.g. "Send value red" (2), the current brightness value of the red colour channel can be written on the bus. The group address "Value red feedback" (3) can be defined to read the current brightness of the red colour channel.

In addition, it is possible to query the current status of the selected group address of the colour channel by declaring one of the group addresses "Initializing address red" (4) at system start. The same applies to the green (5 - 7) and blue (8 - 10) colour channels. The "Switch" group address (11) can be defined for central switching of the function. The switching state of the function can also be read via the group address "Switch feedback" (12).



Figure 28: Parameters of the function "RGB (3 x 1 Byte)"

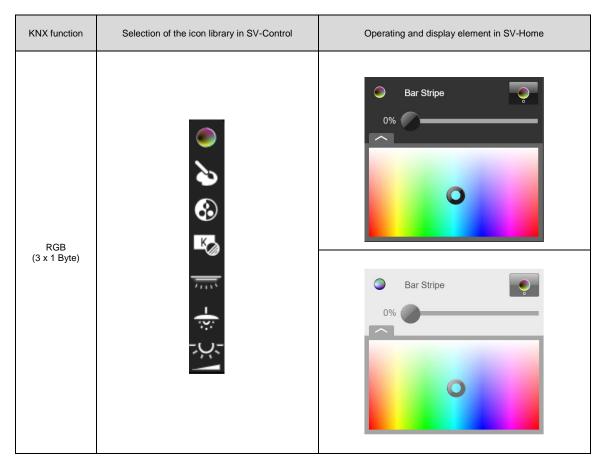


Table 7: Display of the "Dimmer" function

RGB (3 Byte):

The function "RGB (3 Byte)" (1) is the KNX function for controlling RGB dimming actuators. With the group address "Send value RGB" (2), all the brightness values of the red, green and blue colour channels can be written on the bus. The group address "Value RGB feedback" (3) can be defined for reading the current brightness of the colour channels.

In addition, the current status of the selected group address of the colour channel can be queried by declaring one of the group addresses "Initializing RGB feedback" (4) on system start. The group address "Switch" (5) can be defined for the central switching of the function. The switching state of the function can likewise be read via the group address "Switch feedback" (6).



Figure 29: Parameters of the "RGB (3 Byte)" function

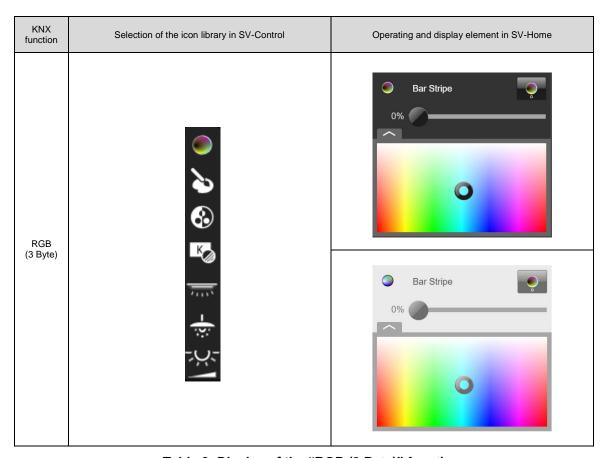


Table 8: Display of the "RGB (3 Byte)" function

RGB+W KNX:

The function "RGB+W KNX" (1) is the KNX function for controlling RGBW dimming actuators.

With the group address "Send value RGB" (2), all the brightness values of the red, green and blue colour channels can be written on the bus. The group address "Value RGB feedback" (3) can be defined for reading the current brightness of the colour channel. The "Send value white" (5) is defined separately and has its own feedback address (6).

In addition, the current status of the selected group address of the colour channel can be queried by declaring the "Initializing address RGB" (4), "Initializing address white" (7) and "Initializing address switch" (10) on system start. The group address "Switch" (8) can be defined for the central switching of the function. The switching state of the function can also be read via the "Switch feedback" (9) group address.



Figure 30: Parameters of the "RGB+W KNX" function

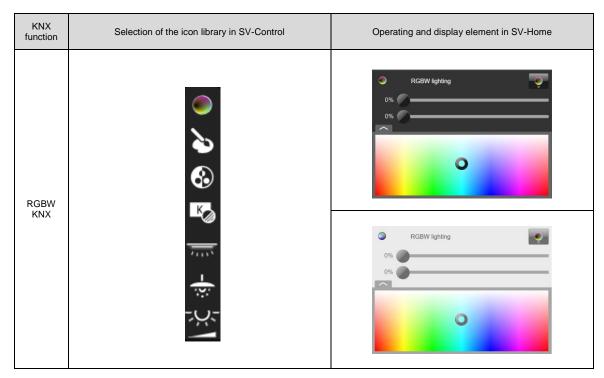


Table 9: Display of the "RGB+W KNX" function

Tunable white KNX:

The function "Tunable white KNX" (1) is the KNX function for controlling Tunable white luminaires. With the group address "Brightness value" (2), the brightness value can be written on the bus. The group address "Brightness value feedback" (3) can be defined for reading the current brightness. The group address "Send value cold white" (5) is used for setting the colour temperature and has its own feedback address (6).

In addition, the current status of the selected group address of the respective channel can be queried by declaring the "Initializing address" (4) and "Initializing address cold white" (7) on system start. The group address "Switch" (8) can be defined for central switching of the function. The switching state of the function can be likewise be read via the group address "Switch feedback" (9).

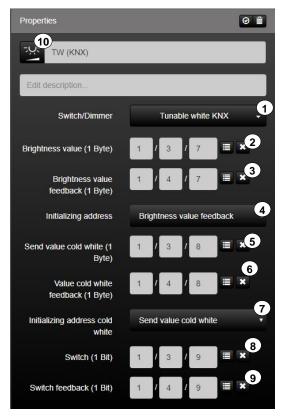


Figure 31: Parameters of the "Tunable white KNX" function

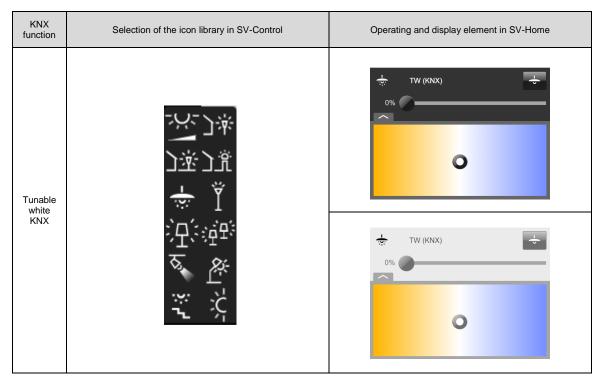


Table 10: Display of the "Tunable white KNX" function

Tunable white Dali:

The function "Tunable white Dali" (1) is the KNX function for controlling Tunable white luminaires. With the group address "Brightness value" (2), the brightness value can be written on the bus. The group address "Brightness value feedback" (3) can be defined for reading the current brightness. The group address "Send value color temperature" (5) is used to set the colour temperature and has its own feedback address (6).

In addition, the current status of the selected group address of the respective channel can be queried by declaring the "Initializing address" (4) and "Initializing address color temperature" (7) on system start. The colour range can further be selected between 0 and 65535 K. The range is set by default between 2500 and 6500 K. The group address "Switch" (8) can be defined for central switching of the function. The switching state of the function can likewise be read via the group address "Switch feedback" (9).

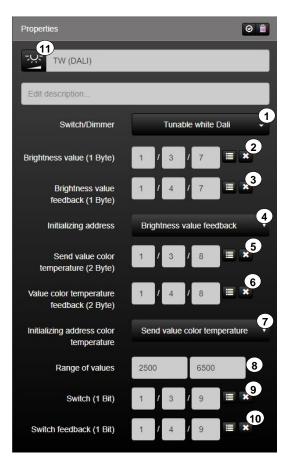


Figure 32: Parameters of the "Tunable white Dali" function

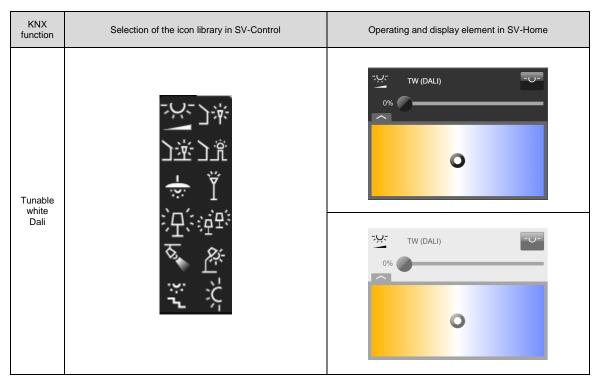


Table 11: Display of the "Tunable white Dali" function

2.5.4.2 Motor

If required, the function type "Motor" can be depicted by one of three KNX functions.

Up/Down/Stop:

The "UP/DOWN/STOP" function (1) is the KNX function for the simple control of motorised drives without feedback objects. The motorised drive can be activated by the group addresses "Long time" (2) and "Short time" (3).



Figure 33: Parameters of the "Up/Down/Stop" function

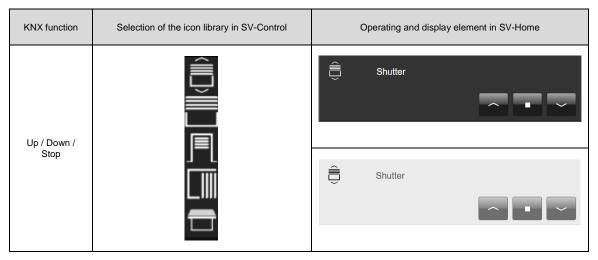


Table 12: Display of the "Up/Down/Stop" function

Up / Down / Stop (State):

The "UP / DOWN / STOP (State)" function (1) is the KNX function for the simple control of motorised drives with feedback objects. The motorised drive can be activated by the group addresses "Long time" (2) and "Short time" (3).

The "Curtain position feedback" (4) group address must be configured for reading the position. In addition, the current status of a selectable group address can be polled by defining an initialisation address (5) on starting the system.

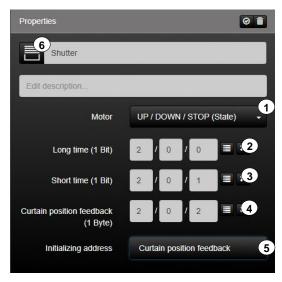


Figure 34: Parameters of the "Up / Down / Stop (State)" function

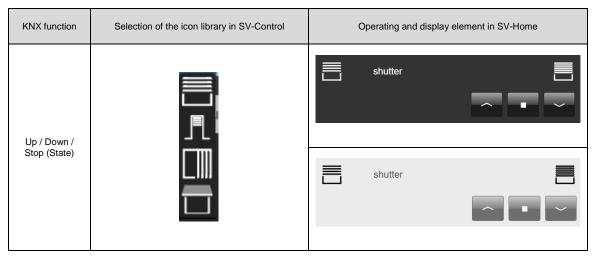


Table 13: Display of the "Up / Down / Stop (State)" function

Rollershutter/Awning:

The "Rollershutter/Awning" function (1) is the KNX function for the control of motorised roller shutters/awnings with position specification. The motorised drive can be activated by the group address "Curtain position" (2).

The "Curtain position feedback" (3) group address must be configured for reading the position. In addition, the current status of a selectable group address can be polled by defining an initialisation address (4) on starting the system.

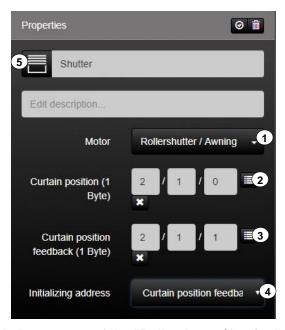


Figure 35: Parameters of the "Rollershutter/Awning" function

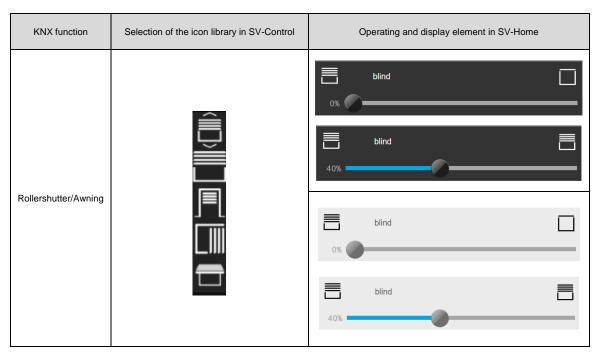


Table 14: Display of the "Rollershutter/Awning" function

Venetian Blinds (Slider):

The "Venetian Blinds (Slider)" function (1) is the KNX function for controlling motorised venetian blinds with position and slat specification. The motorised drive can be activated by the group addresses "Curtain position" (2) and "Slat position" (4).

To read the positions, it is possible to configure the group addresses "Curtain position feedback" (3) and "Slat position feedback" (5).

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (6 - 7) on starting the system.

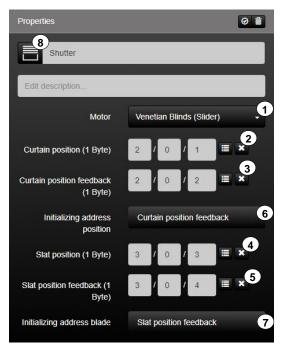


Figure 36: Parameters of the "Venetian Blinds (Slider)" function

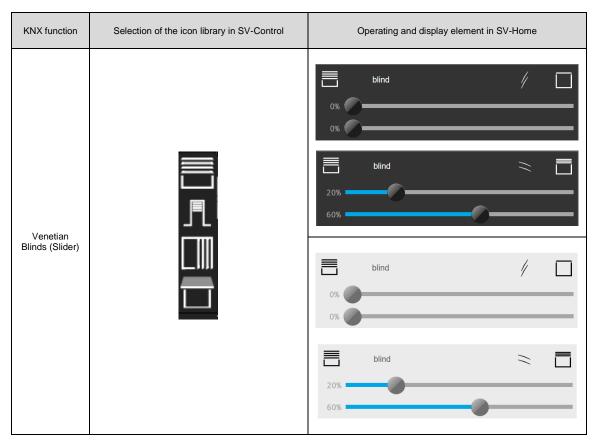


Table 15: Display of the "Venetian Blinds (Slider)" function

Venetian Blinds (Button):

The "Venetian Blinds (Button)" function (1) is the KNX function for controlling motorised venetian blinds with position and slat specification. The motorised drive can be activated by the group addresses "Long time" (2), "Short time" (3), "Position specification" (4) and "Slat specification" (5).

To read the positions, it is possible to configure the group addresses "Curtain position feedback" (6) and "Slat position feedback" (7).

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (8 - 9) on starting the system.

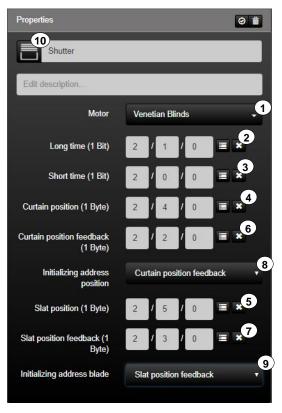


Figure 37: Parameters of the "Venetian Blinds (Button)" function

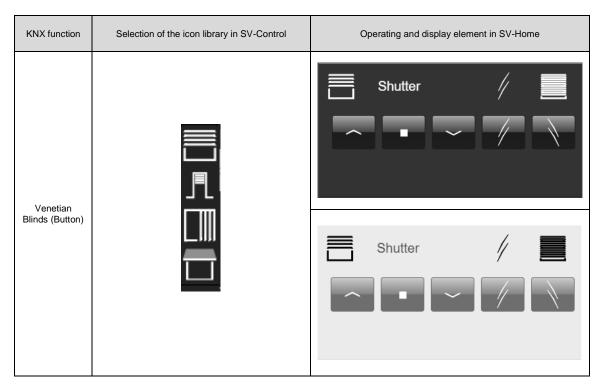


Table 16: Display of the "Venetian Blinds (Button)" function

2.5.4.3 Climate

If required, the function group "Climate" can be depicted by various KNX functions.

Ventilate:

The "Ventilate" function (1) allows the display and control of the status of a KNX ventilation controller.

In the input field (2), it is possible to specify the group address for controlling the fan and, in the input field (3), it is possible to enter the group address for the feedback of the currently set fan level.

One of the two group addresses can be selected for the initialisation (4) of the Smart Visu Server on its system start.



Figure 38: Parameters of the "Ventilate" function

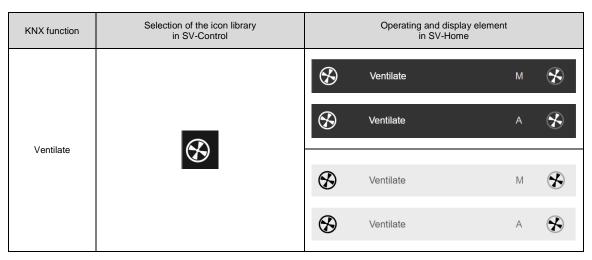


Table 17: Display of the "Ventilate" function

Operation Mode:

The function "Operation Mode" (1) is the function for switching the different operating modes in accordance with KNX. This can be initiated by the group address "Switch operation mode" (2).

The current operating mode can be read by the group address "Switch operation mode feedback" (3).

In addition, by declaring an initialisation address (4) at system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

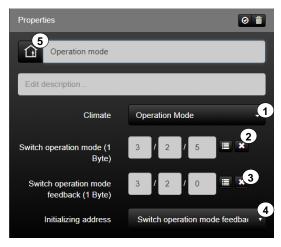


Figure 39: Parameters of the "Operation Mode" function

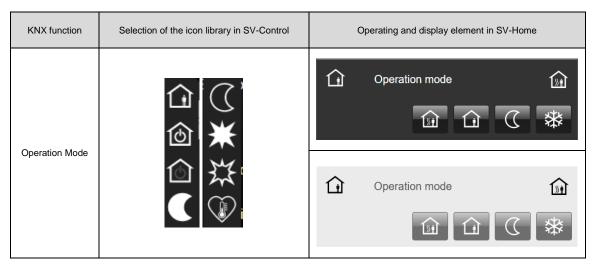


Table 18: Display of the "Operation Mode" function

HVAC Control Mode:

With the function "HVAC Control Mode" (1), you can switch between heating / cooling and ventilation manual / auto. Switched by the group address "HVAC mode" (2).

The current operating mode can be read by the group address "HVAC mode feedback" (3).

In addition, by defining two initialisation addresses (4) during system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

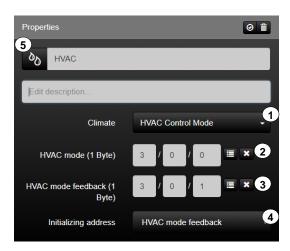


Figure 40: Parameters of the "HVAC Control Mode" function

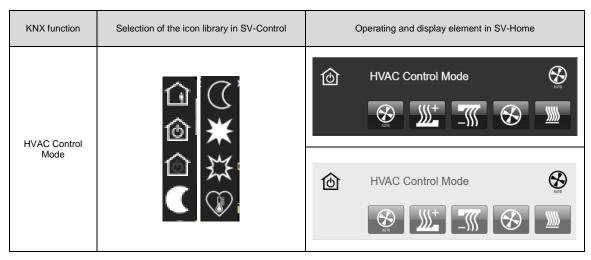


Table 19: Display of the "HVAC Control Mode" function

Base Setpoint:

The Smart Visu Server supports KNX climate control by specifying a base setpoint (1). The temperature control can be influenced by the group address "Setpoint" (2).

The reading of the current setpoint and the current actual value can be configured by the group addresses "Display temperature" (3) and "Actual temperature" (4).

In addition, by defining three initialisation addresses (5 - 7) at system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

Moreover, the "Range of values" (8) can be set individually.

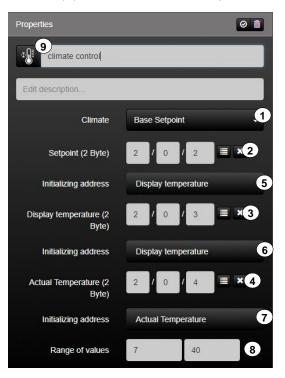


Figure 41: Parameters of the "Base Setpoint" function

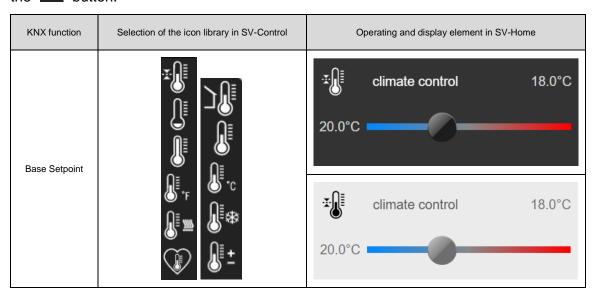


Table 20: Display of the "Base Setpoint" function

Setpoint Shift:

With the function "Setpoint Shift" (1), a KNX climate control can be influenced via the setpoint adjustment. The group address "Setpoint shift" (2) can be used to influence the temperature control.

Reading the current setpoint shift can be configured by the corresponding feedback addresses (3).

Furthermore, the current values can be displayed via the setpoint temperature display (4) and the actual temperature display (8).

In addition, by declaring two initialisation addresses (5-7) at system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

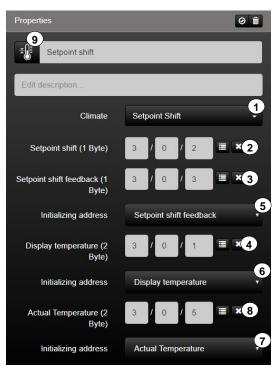


Figure 42: Parameters of the "Setpoint Shift" function

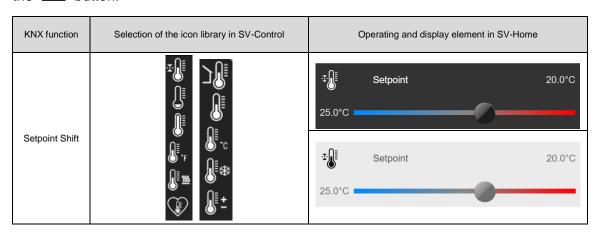


Table 21: Display of the "Setpoint Shift" function

HVAC Group:

With the function "HVAC Group" (1), an all-embracing KNX climate control can be initiated. The current setpoint temperature is indicated by the group address "Display temperature" (2) depending on the set operating mode. The group address "Actual temperature" (3) shows the values rounded to one decimal place. The sending and reading of the current setpoint shift (4) can be configured by the corresponding addresses. The current operating mode can be changed and read out by the group addresses "Switch operation mode" or "Switch operation mode feedback" (5).

In addition, by declaring four initialisation addresses (6) during system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

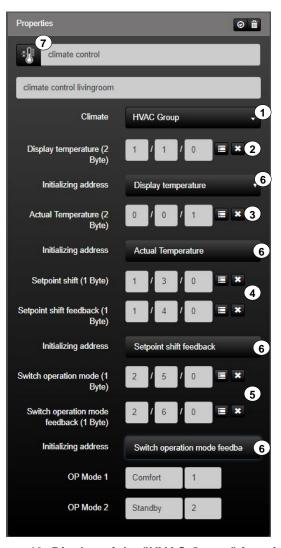


Figure 43: Display of the "HVAC Group" function

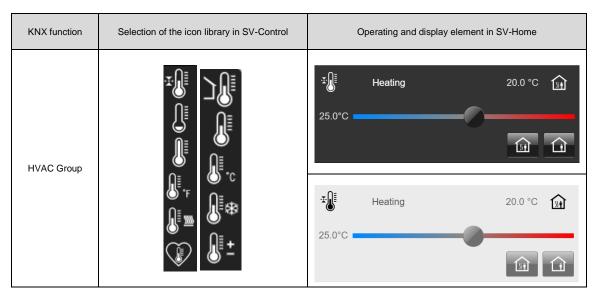


Table 22: Display of the "HVAC Group" function

2.5.4.4 Multimedia

Playlist Various:

The "Playlist Various (1)" function is the KNX function for controlling simple multimedia applications.

The volume can be influenced and confirmed by the group addresses "Volume" or "Volume Feedback" (2).

In the input fields (3), the function can read ASCII characters of the registered group addresses (for example, playlist, artist, title). If a text is written to these group addresses, these are visible in the SV-Home.

Furthermore, another playlist (5) or title (6) can be jumped to and another playlist (7) can be selected.

In addition, by declaring two initialisation addresses (8-9) during system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.



Figure 44: Function "Playlist Various"

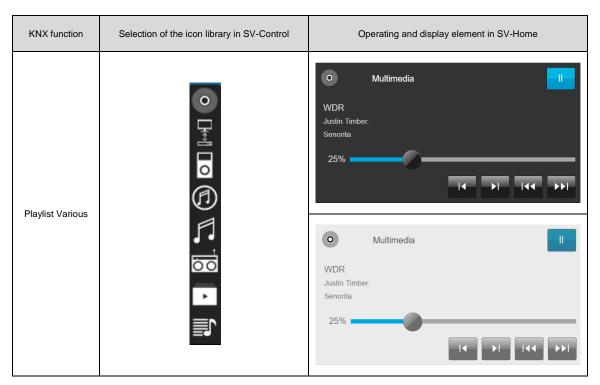


Table 23: Display of the "Playlist Various" function

Playlist Mode:

The "Playlist Mode (1)" function is the KNX function for the comprehensive control of multimedia applications.

The volume can be influenced and confirmed by the group addresses "Volume" or "Volume Feedback" (2).

In the input fields (3), the function can read ASCII characters of the registered group addresses (for example, playlist, artist, title). If a text is written to these group addresses in the KNX system, these are visible in the SV-Home.

Playback can be influenced and confirmed by the group addresses "Play / Pause" or "Play / Pause Feedback" (4). Furthermore, a further playlist (5) or title (6) can be started.

The function has the possibility to play the current playlist in a loop (7) or randomly (8).

The function "Playlist selection" (10) can be used to select another playlist.

In addition, by declaring two initialisation addresses (9) during system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

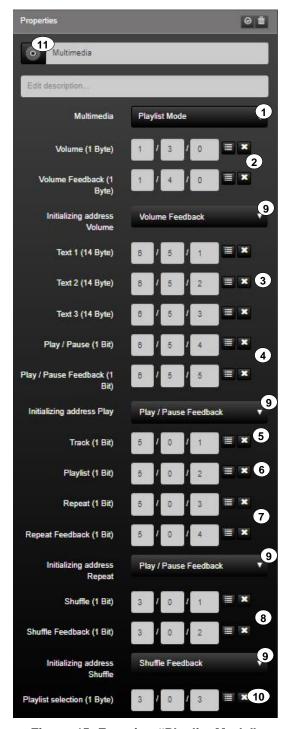


Figure 45: Function "Playlist Mode"

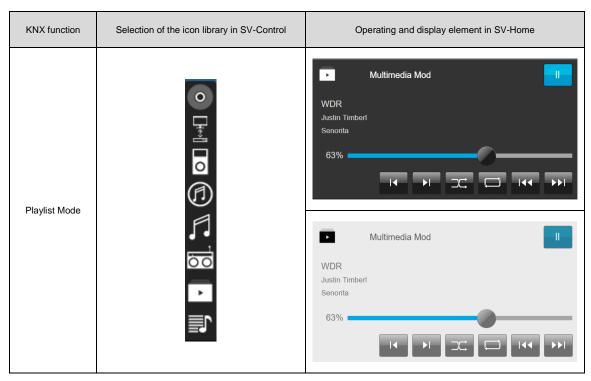


Table 24: Display of the "Playlist Mode" function

Multimedia Sonos:

The "Multimedia Sonos (1)" function is the KNX function for the comprehensive control of multimedia applications.

The volume can be influenced and confirmed by the group addresses "Volume" or "Volume Feedback" (2).

In the input fields (3), the function can read ASCII characters of the registered group addresses (for example, playlist, artist, title). If a text is written to these group addresses in the KNX system, these are visible in the SV-Home.

Playback can be influenced and confirmed by the group addresses "Play / Pause" or "Play / Pause Feedback" (4). Furthermore, a further playlist (5) or title (6) can be started.

The function has the possibility to play the current playlist in a loop (7) or randomly (8). In addition, by declaring two initialisation addresses (9) during system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

You can play different playlists via the "Playlist" group address (9). For this purpose, sonos loudspeakers can be connected and decoupled by means of the group addresses "Connect" or "Connect Feedback" (10).

In addition, by declaring two initialisation addresses (12) during system start-up, the current status of the function can be queried.

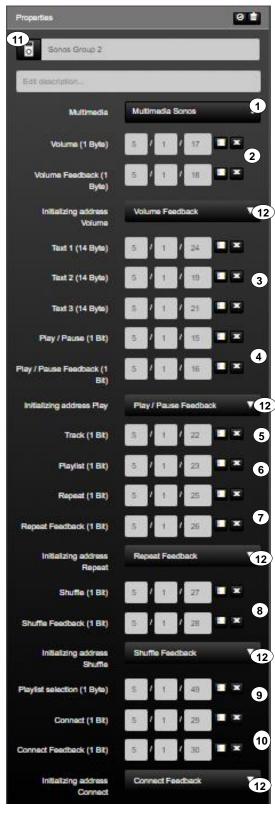


Figure 46: Function "Multimedia Sonos"

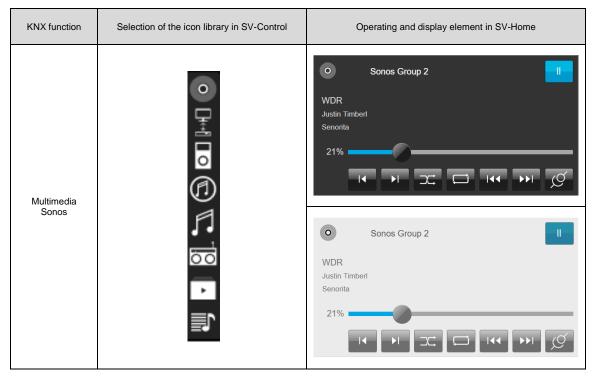


Table 25: Display of the "Multimedia Sonos" function

2.5.4.5 Scene

The Smart Visu Server supports the execution and learning of KNX function values. If required, the function type "Scene" can be depicted by two differentiated KNX functions.

Activate Scene:

The "Activate Scene" function (1) is a Smart Visu Server function for executing KNX scenes.

The function transmits a scene value (2) to the KNX group address entered in the input field "Scene group address (1 Byte)" (3). With each KNX scene group address, up to 64 scene values (or scene numbers) (2) can be recalled. The scene value (2) which the Smart Visu Server should transmit when a scene is triggered can be set in the input field (2).



Figure 47: Parameters of the "Activate Scene" function

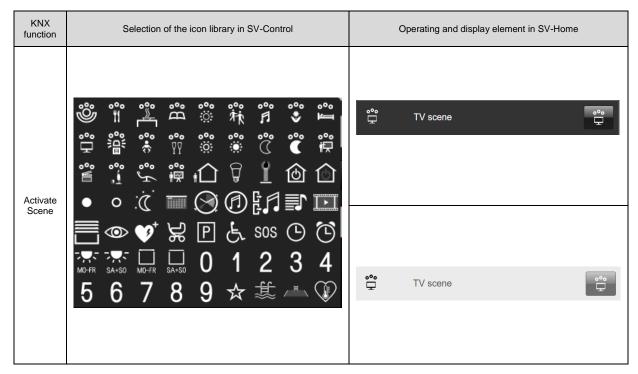


Table 26: Display of the "Activate Scene" function

Activate & Learn scene (KNX):

The "Activate and Learn scene (KNX)" function (1) is a Smart Visu Server function for executing KNX scenes. This is currently only with a terminal (PC or similar) including mouse usable.

The function transmits a scene value (2) to the KNX group address entered in the input field "Scene group address (1 Byte)" (3). With each KNX scene group address, up to 64 scene values (or scene numbers) (2) can be recalled. The scene value (2) which the Smart Visu Server should transmit when a scene is triggered can be set in the input field (2).

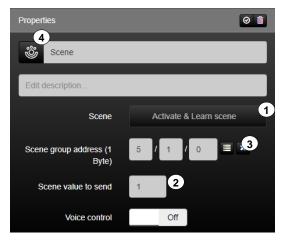


Figure 48: Parameters of the "Activate & Learn scene" function

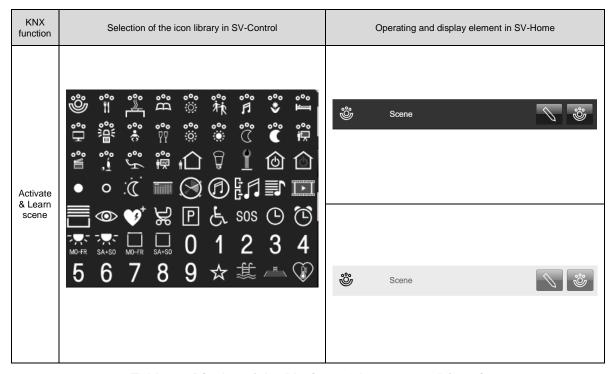


Table 27: Display of the "Activate & Learn scene" function

2.5.4.6 Value / State

The function type "Value / State" can optionally be mapped by 12 differentiated KNX functions.

Display 1-bit (boolean):

The function "Display 1-bit (Boolean)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying 1-bit status values of the KNX system.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Status (1 Bit)" (2). In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (3) on starting the system.

The value conversion (4) can be used to invert the result by ticking the box.



Figure 49: Parameters of the "Display 1-bit (boolean)" function

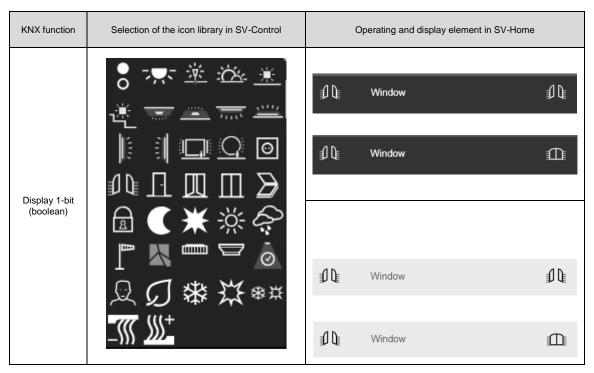


Table 28: Display of the "Display 1-bit (boolean)" function

Display 1-Byte (0 ..100%):

The function "Display 1-Byte (0...100%)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying 1-byte integer values (0...100%) in SV-Home.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (1 Byte)" (2). As values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.



Figure 50: Parameters of the "Display 1-Byte (0...100%)" function

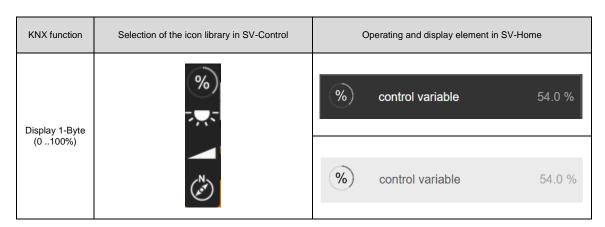


Table 29: Display of the "Display 1-Byte (0...100%)" function

Display 1-Byte (0 ..255%):

The function "Display 1-Byte (0...255%)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying 1-byte integer values (0...255%) in SV-Home.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (1 Byte)" (2). As values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

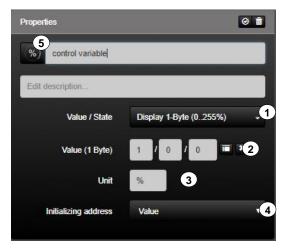


Figure 51: Parameters of the "Display 1-Byte (0..255%)" function

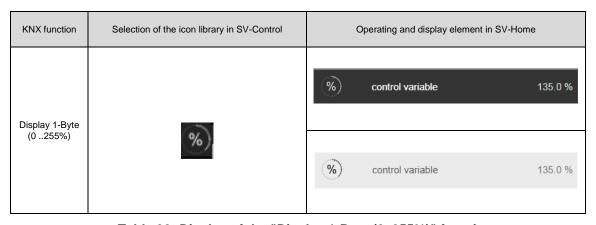


Table 30: Display of the "Display 1-Byte (0..255%)" function

Display 1-Byte (0...360°):

The function "Display 1-Byte (0...360°)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying 1-byte integer values (0...306°) in SV-Home.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (1 Byte)" (2). As values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.



Figure 52: Parameters of the "Display 1-Byte (0...360°)" function

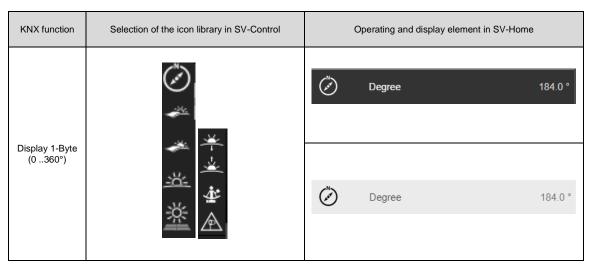


Table 31: Display of the "Display 1-Byte (0...360°)" function

Display 2-Byte (float):

The function "Display 2-Byte (float)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying KNX 2-byte floating point values in SV-Home. The displayed values are rounded down to the first decimal place.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (2 Byte)" (2). As only values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

With the value conversion (5), predefined units can be internally converted to another unit.



Figure 53: Parameters of the "Display 2-Byte (float)" function

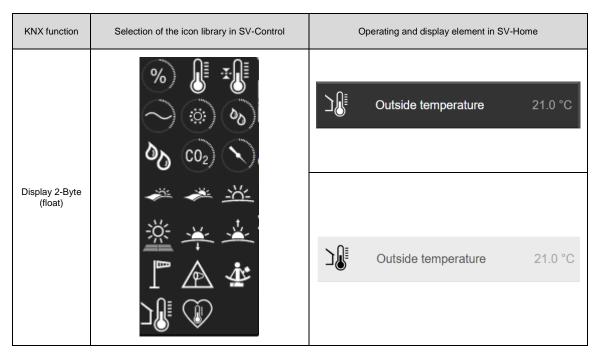


Table 32: Display of the "Display 2-Byte (float)" function

Display 2-Byte (lux):

The function "Display 2-Byte (lux)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying KNX 2-byte lux values in SV-Home. The displayed values are rounded down to the first decimal place.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (2 Byte)" (2). As only values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

The value conversion (5) can be used to invert the result by ticking the box.



Figure 54: Parameters of the "Display 2-Byte (lux)" function

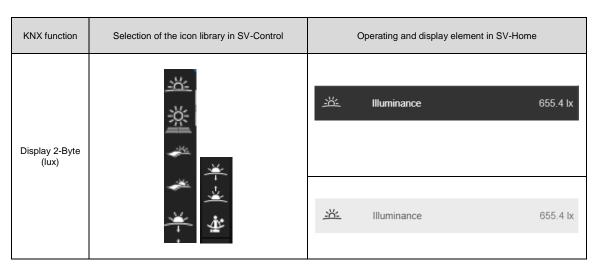


Table 33: Display of the "Display 2-Byte (lux)" function

Display 2-Byte (time):

The function "Display 2-Byte (time)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying KNX 2-byte time values in SV-Home. The displayed values are rounded down to the first decimal place.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (2 Byte)" (2). As only values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

The value conversion (5) can be used to convert the time of seconds into minutes or hours.

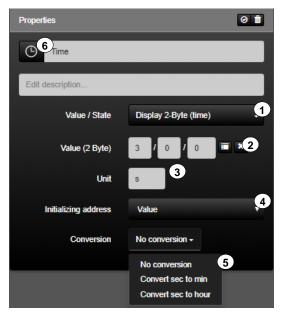


Figure 55: Parameters of the "Display 2-Byte (time)" function

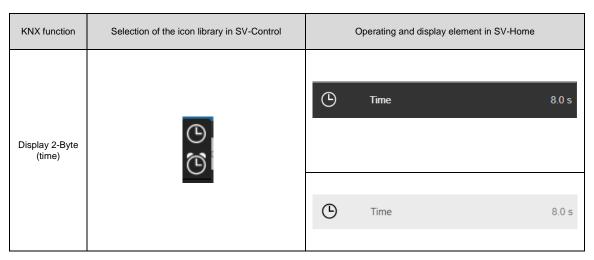


Table 34: Display of the "Display 2-Byte (time)" function

Display 4-Byte (GPS):

The function "Display 4-Byte (GPS)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying KNX 4-byte values (GPS) in SV-Home. The displayed values are rounded down to the first decimal place.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (4 Byte)" (2). As only values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

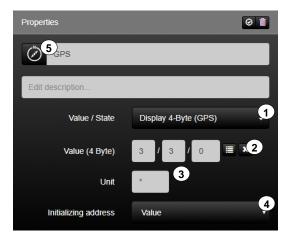


Figure 56: Parameters of the "Display 4-Byte (GPS)" function

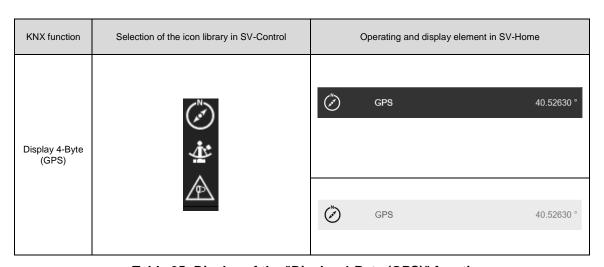


Table 35: Display of the "Display 4-Byte (GPS)" function

Display 4-Byte (float):

The function "Display 4-Byte (float)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying positive or negative floating point values of the KNX system in SV-Home. The displayed values are rounded down to the first decimal place.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (4 Byte)" (2). As values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

The value conversion (5) can be used to invert the result by ticking the box.

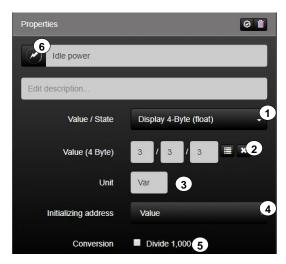


Figure 57: Parameters of the "Display 4-Byte (float)" function

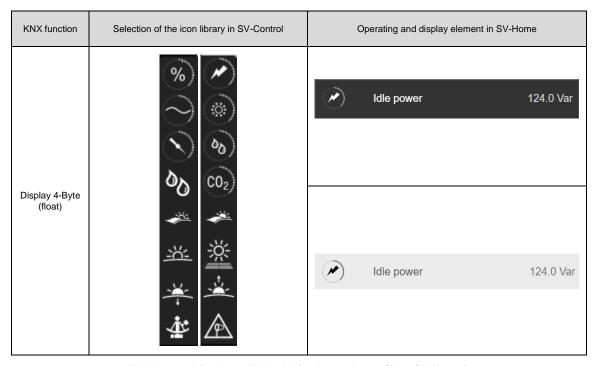


Table 36: Display of the "Display 4-Byte (float)" function

Display 4-Byte (unsigned integer):

The function "Display 4-Byte (unsigned integer)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying positive or negative integer values of the KNX system in SV-Home.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (4 Byte)" (2). As values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

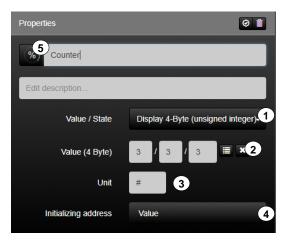


Figure 58: Parameters of the "Display 4-Byte (unsigned integer)" function

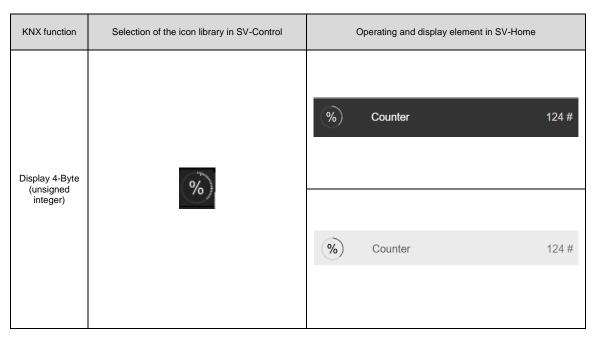


Table 37: Display of the "Display 4-Byte (unsigned integer)" function

Display 4-Byte (integer):

The function "Display 4-Byte (integer)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying positive or negative integer values of the KNX system in SV-Home.

The function reads the KNX group address entered in the input field "Value (4 Byte)" (2). As values can be sent without a unit in the KNX system, the input field "Unit" (3) can be used to enter an individual unit, which is added to the numerical value in the visualisation.

In addition, the current status of the function can be polled by defining two initialisation addresses (4) on starting the system.

The value conversion (5) can be used to invert the result by ticking the box.

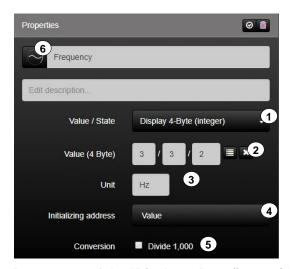


Figure 59: Parameters of the "Display 4-Byte (integer)" function

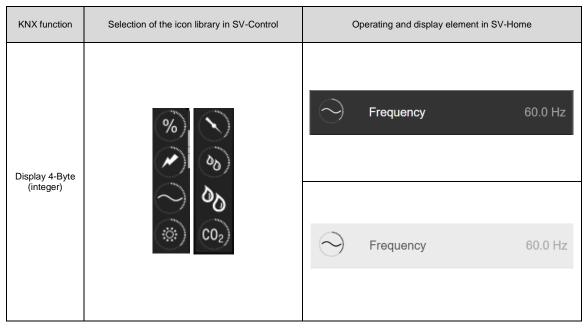


Table 38: Display of the "Display 4-Byte (integer)" function

Display 14 Byte (ASCII):

The function "Display 14 Byte (ASCII)" (1) is the KNX function for displaying texts of a maximum of 14 characters of the KNX system in SV-Home.

The function can read the ASCII characters in the group address entered in the input field "Value (14 Byte)" (2). If a text is written to this group address in the KNX system, then this can be displayed in SV-Home with this function.



Figure 60: Parameters of the "Display 14 Byte (ASCII)" function

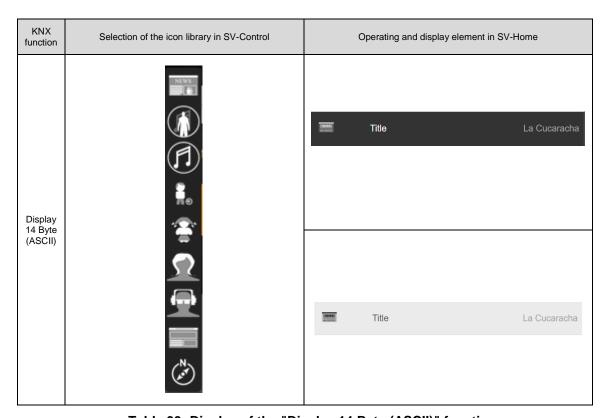


Table 39: Display of the "Display 14 Byte (ASCII)" function

Threshold:

The "Threshold" function (1) is the KNX function for converting analogue values into binary values.

The function references existing functions (3) and compares them continuously to an upper/lower limit (2). If the lower limit (2) is exceeded, this corresponds to a result = 0. If the upper limit (2) is exceeded, the result changes to 1. The result can be used to trigger further actions.

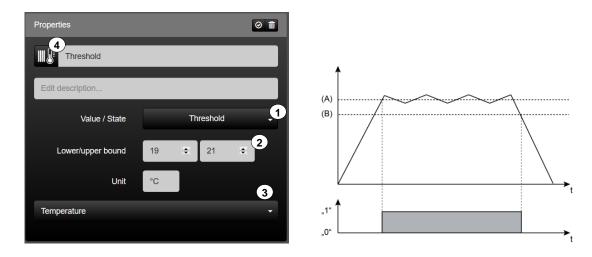


Figure 61: Parameters of the "Threshold" function

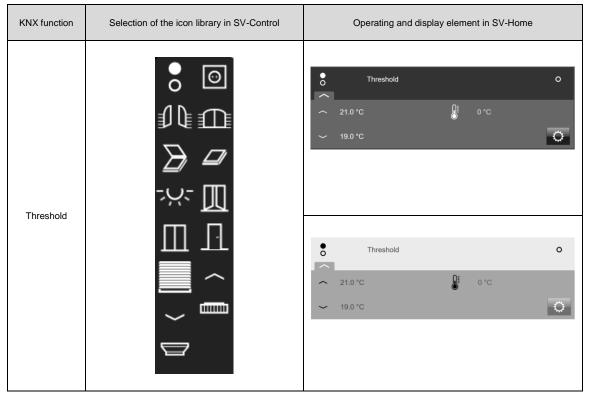


Table 40: Display of the "Threshold" function

IoT controller:

The function "IoT controller" (1) can be used to control IoT devices such as Philips Hue lamps or SONOS speakers.

The function can control different functionalities of IoT devices with an identical data type such as the brightness value / volume or the switching on/off of lamps or speakers. It is possible to search for appropriate functions (2).

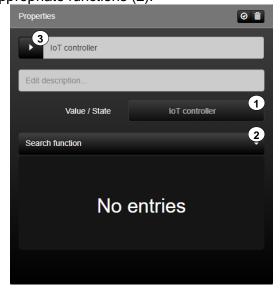


Figure 62: Parameters of the "IoT controller" function

The function has favourites within the icon library (3). Further icons are available via the " button.

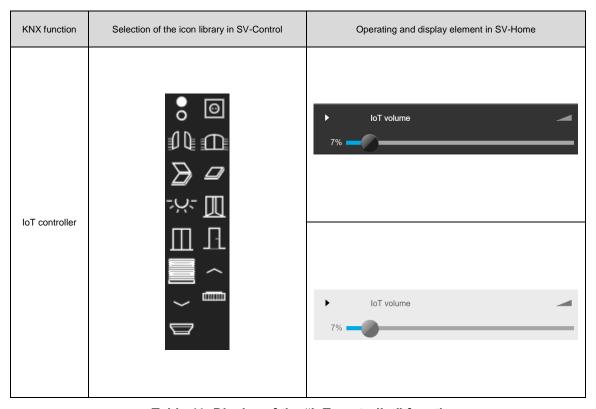


Table 41: Display of the "IoT controller" function

Application example: Controlling SONOS speakers with KNX rotary sensor

The function "IoT controller" uses KNX devices to control IoT devices. In this application example, the volume and the play/pause of a SONOS speaker are controlled via two IoT controller functions using a KNX rotary sensor.

- 1) Create "Switching + Dimming" function for the KNX rotary sensor
 - a. Create "SONOS" function for the SONOS loudspeaker
- 2) Function "Create IoT controller" (1)
 - a. The following functions are selected under "Search function":
 - Rotary sensor Switch (1 bit value) (3)
 - SONOS Play/Pause (4)



Figure 63: IoT controller function for play/pause via the SONOS speaker

- 3) Create further "IoT controller" functions (5)
 - a. Select the following functions under "Search function" (6):
 - Rotary sensor Brightness value (1 byte value) (7)
 - SONOS Volume (8)

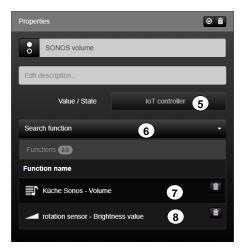


Figure 64: IoT controller function to control the volume of the SONOS speaker

The play/pause and the volume of the SONOS speaker can thus be controlled via the KNX rotary sensor.

Philips Hue:

To regulate the brightness of Philips Hue via the KNX rotary sensor, the "Switch" function of the Hue lamps must be selected instead of SONOS play/pause (4). The same applies to the SONOS volume (8). The brightness value function of the Hue lamps must be selected in this case.

2.5.4.7 Value transmitter

The function type "Value transmitter" can optionally be represented by three differentiated KNX functions.

Send 1-Byte (0...255%):

The function "Send 1-Byte" (1) is the KNX function with which 1-byte percentage values can be set. This is passed on via the group address "Value" (2).

In addition, a predefined value can be set via "Value" and the range can be defined via "Range of values" (3).

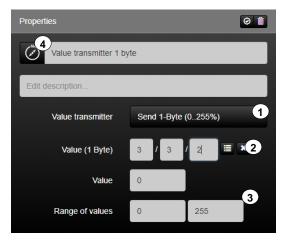


Figure 65: Parameters of the "Send 1-Byte (0...255%)" function

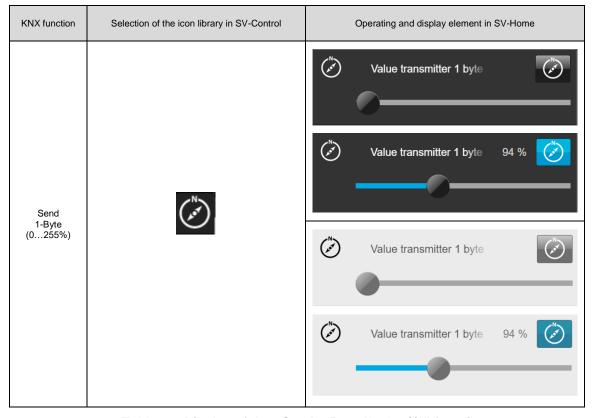


Table 42: Display of the "Send 1-Byte (0...255%)" function

Send 2-Byte (lux):

The function "Send 2-Byte (lux)" (1) is the KNX function with which 2-byte lux values can be set. This is passed on via the group address "Value" (2).

In addition, a predefined value can be set via "Value" and the range can be defined via "Range of values" (3).

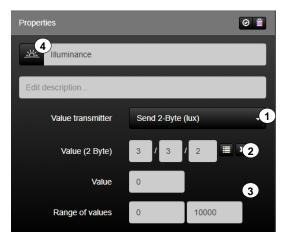


Figure 66: Parameters of the "Send 2-Byte (lux)" function

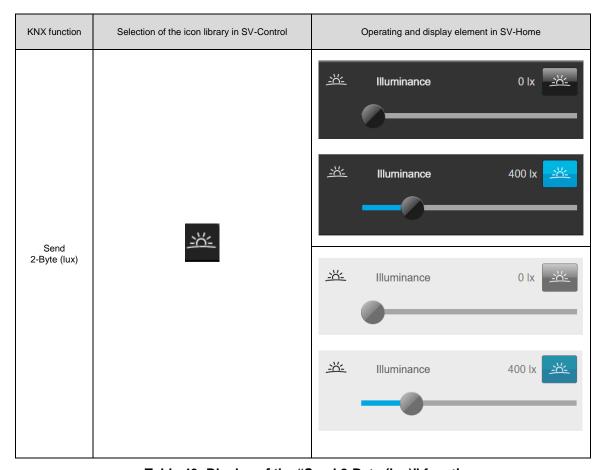


Table 43: Display of the "Send 2-Byte (lux)" function

Send 2-Byte (time):

The function "Send 2-Byte (time)" (1) is the KNX function with which 2-byte time values can be set. This is passed on via the group address "Value" (2).

In addition, a predefined value can be set via "Value" and the range can be defined via "Range of values" (3).

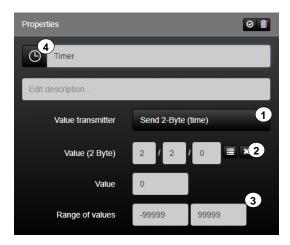


Figure 67: Parameters of the "Send 2-Byte (time)" function

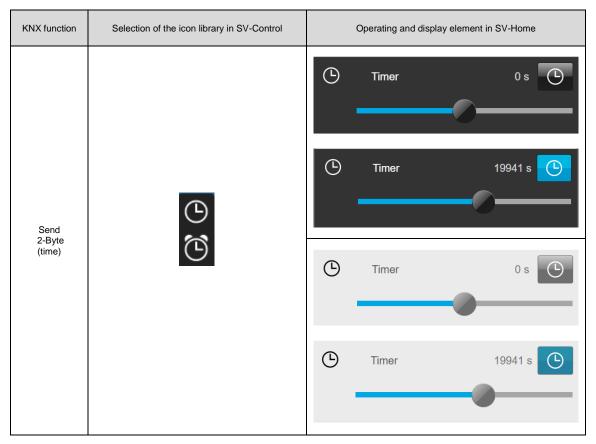


Table 44: Display of the "Send 2-Byte (time)" function

Date / Time (2 x 3 Byte):

The function "Date / Time (2 x 3 Byte)" (1) is the KNX function which enables the current time (2) and date (3), each with a 3-byte time value.

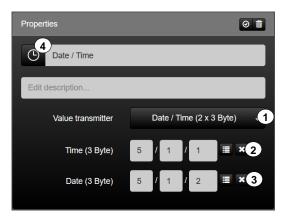


Figure 68: Parameters of the function "Date / Time (2 x 3 Byte)"

The function sends the current server time / current server date on the KNX bus cyclically every hour and after each restart. It is therefore imperative to set the server time in the correct time zone.

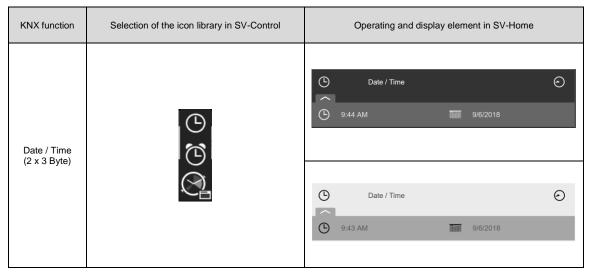


Table 45: Display of the "Date / Time (2 x 3 Byte)" function

Date + Time (1 x 8 Byte):

The function "Date + Time (1 x 8 Byte)" (1) is the KNX function which enables the current time and date (2) to be set with an 8-byte time value.



Figure 69: Parameters of the function "Date + Time (1 x 8 Byte)"

The function sends the current server time / current server date on the KNX bus cyclically every hour and after each restart. It is therefore imperative to set the server time in the correct time zone.

The function has favourites within the symbol library (4). Additional icons are available via the " button.

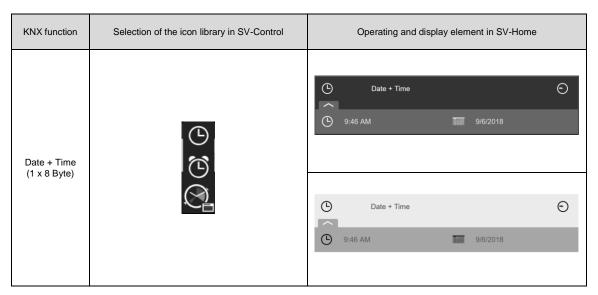


Table 46: Display of the "Date + Time (1 x 8 Byte)" function

Application example – Send date and time if required:

The functions "Date / Time (2 x 3 Byte)" and "Date + Time (1 x 8 Byte)" are used to visualise the time and date. The current server time / server date are sent cyclically every hour and after each restart on the KNX bus.

If an update on demand is required, the sending of the current values can be triggered via an action. This can be carried out as user-defined or event-dependent through a group address or a virtual switch. The following example shows event-dependent sending via a virtual switch.

At the start, a new function "Virtual Switch" is created with any name or symbol.



Figure 70: Creating a "Virtual Switch" function

An action is then created with the action type "Event" (2). The action trigger is the previously created "Virtual Switch" (3). Following a change in the status (4), the function "Date / Time (2 \times 3 Byte)" or "Date + Time (1 \times 8 Byte)" is triggered (5). The action can in addition be assigned to an area (6). By pressing the virtual switch, the current server values are sent on the KNX bus.

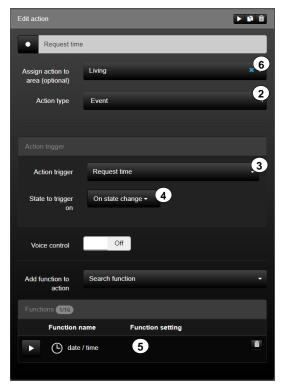


Figure 71: Creating an event-dependent action

2.5.5 **SONOS**

The "SONOS" function (1) is the function for the comprehensive control of SONOS speakers.

A SONOS speaker can be added under the dropdown menu (2). If a group of SONOS speakers should be controlled with a function, the required speakers must be selected.

It is possible via the function to switch on and off, adjust the volume, select playlists as well as couple and decouple the speakers.



Figure 72: Parameters of the function "SONOS"

The function has favourites within the icon library (2). Further icons are available via the " button.

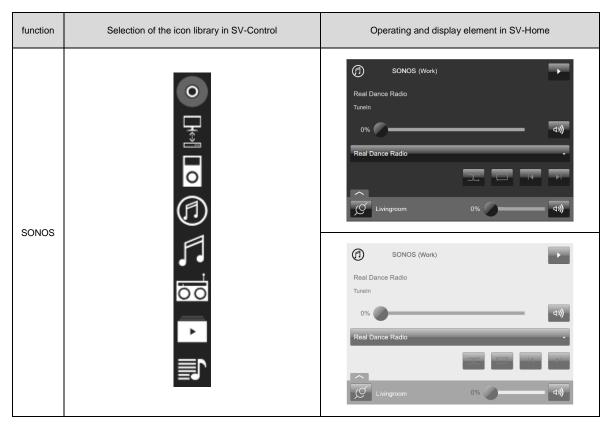


Table 47: Display of the "SONOS" function

2.5.6 Weather

The function type "weather" can optionally be mapped by five differentiated functions.

These function requires location coordinates (latitude and longitude) and will stored under SV-Control configuration management " (chapter 2.7).

You can research the location coordinates using various services on the World Wide Web (e.g. www.gps-coordinates.net)

The Astro function can be used both with a local and NTP time.

Astro times:

The function "Astro times" (1) displays the times for today's sunrise, sunset, moonrise and moonset.

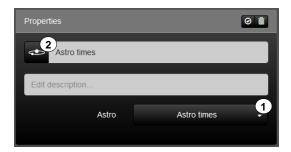


Figure 73: Parameter of the "Astro times" function

The function has favourites within the symbol library (2). Additional icons are available via the "V" button.

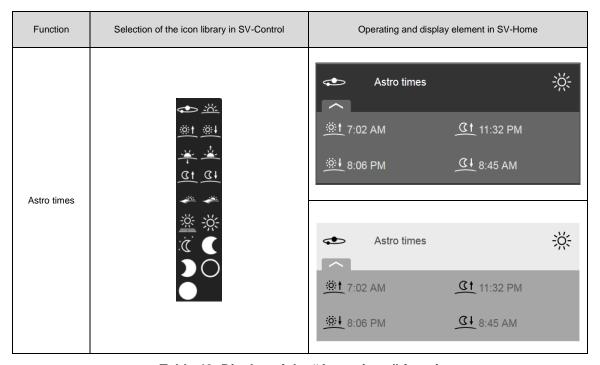


Table 48: Display of the "Astro times" function

Moonphase:

The function "Moonphase" (1) displays the different phases of the moon with the date and time for the current month.



Figure 74: Parameter of the "Moonphase" function

The function has favourites within the symbol library (2). Additional icons are available via the "" button.

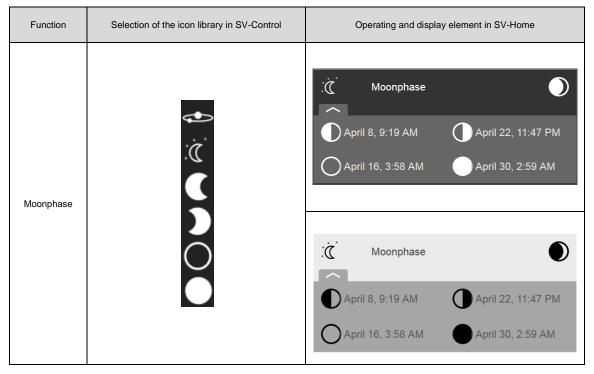


Table 49: Display of the "Moonphase" function

Elevation / Azimuth:

The function "Elevation / Azimuth" (1) displays the current position of the sun (horizontal and vertical) starting from the observation location.



Figure 75: Parameter of the "Elevation / Azimuth" function

The function has favourites within the symbol library (2). Additional icons are available via the "button.

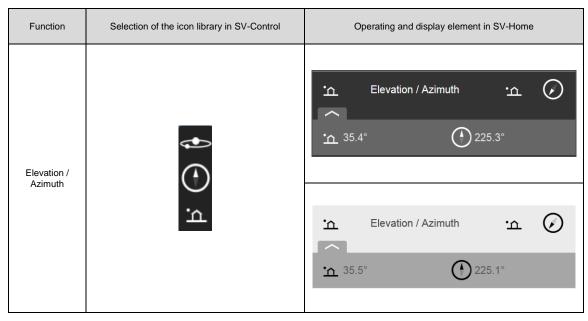


Table 50: Display of the "Elevation / Azimuth" function

Weather Universal:

The function "Weather Universal" (1) is the KNX function for displaying weather data.

The function displays the current temperature (2), rainfall (3), wind speed (4), pressure (8), humidity (10), brightness (11) and twilight (13). Both wind alerts (6) and (7) are linked via an OR connection and the result is indicated in the SV-Home. Additionally the wind speed can be converted to km/h (5), the pressure to hPa or bar (9) and the brightness to kLux (12). The sunset/sunrise times (14) can also be displayed.

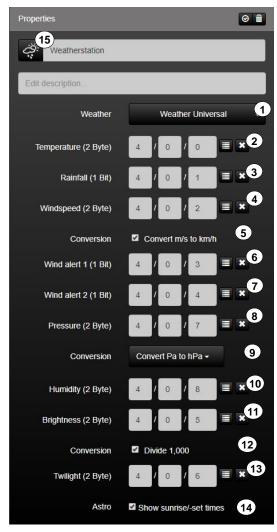


Figure 76: Parameters of the "Weather Universal" function

The function has favourites within the symbol library (15). Additional icons are available via the "" button.

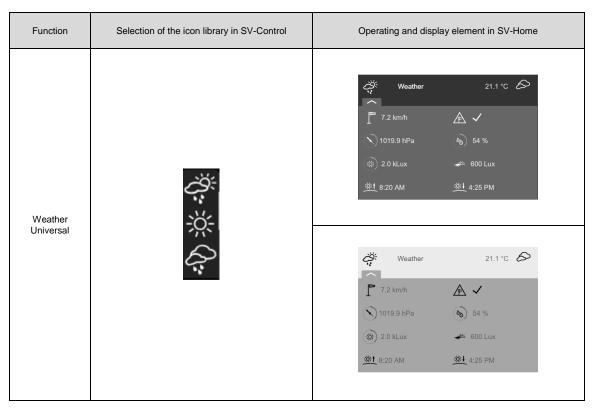


Tabelle 51: Display of the "Weather Universal" function

Weather Home:

The function "Weather Home" (1) is the KNX function for displaying weather data.

The function displays the current temperature (2), rainfall (3), wind speed (4), brightness (8) and twilight (10). Both wind alerts (6) and (7) are linked via an OR connection and the result is indicated in the SV-Home. Additionally the wind speed can be converted to km/h (5) and the brightness to kLux (9). The sunset/sunrise times (11) can also be displayed.

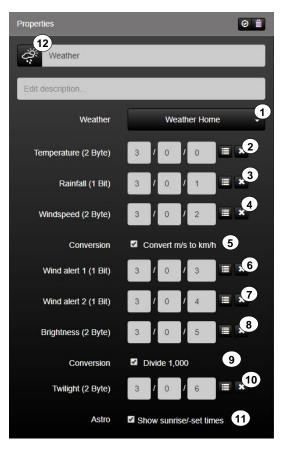


Figure 77: Display of the "Weather Home" function

The function has favourites within the symbol library (12). Additional icons are available via the "" button.

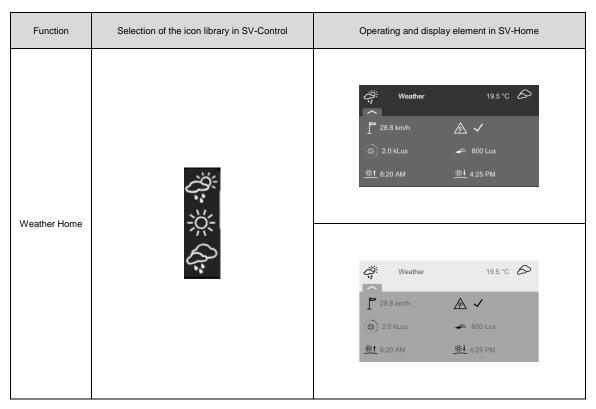


Table 52: Display of the "Weather Home" function

2.5.7 Configuring Philips Hue functions

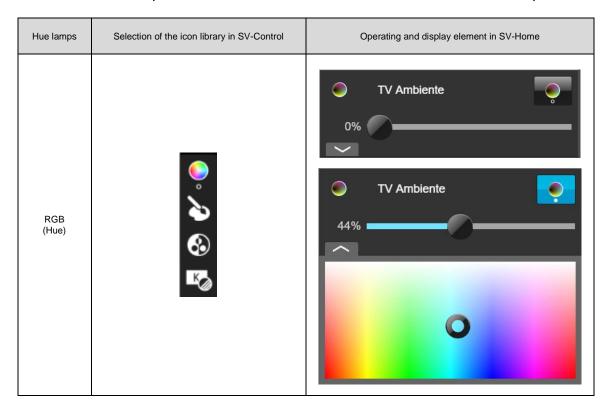
Successful commissioning and authentication of the Philips Hue system is required to be able to use Hue functions. The "User" and the "Administrator" have identical access rights to Hue functions within the "Functions" column.

The Hue luminaires added to the SV-Server in the "Hue" tab are automatically supplemented with their name in the function list (for information on Hue setup, please consult Chapter 2.3 "Hue").



Figure 78: Parameters of the "RGB (Hue)" function

In the "Areas & Functions" tab, no further function parameters of the Hue lamps can be edited, with the exception of the icon, the function name and the function description.



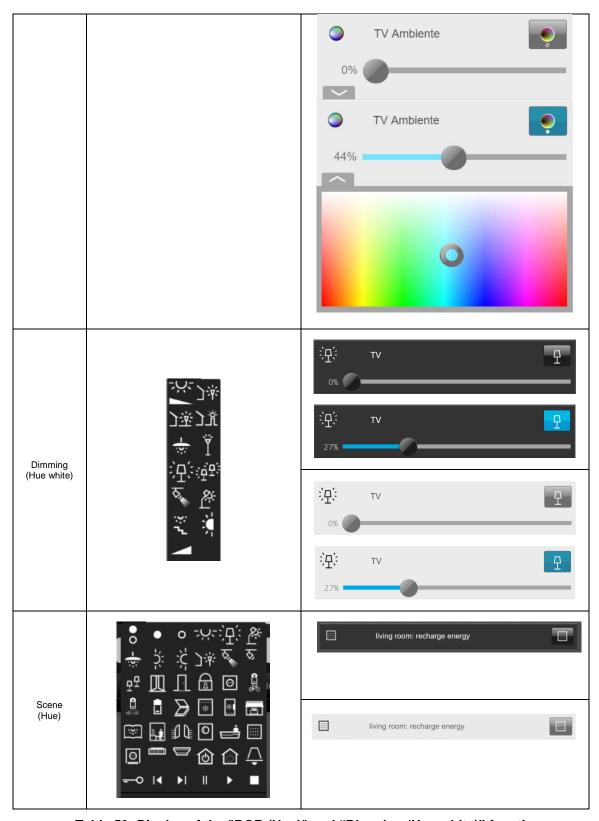


Table 53: Display of the "RGB (Hue)" and "Dimming (Hue white)" function

2.5.8 Configuring websites / IP functions

For web functions to be used, an Internet connection is required (except local IP cameras).

Access as Administrator or User

The "User" and the "Administrator" have different access rights to the web functions within the "Functions" column. The different access rights can be taken from **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**

	User		
Access	Areas &	Web	Administrator
	Function	1100	
Create web functions	×	×	✓
Edit names of web functions	×	>	~
Edit icons of web functions	×	>	~
Assign existing web functions to new areas	×	>	~
Delete existing web functions from areas	×	>	~
Change web address, web page size or update interval	×	×	~
Delete existing web functions completely	×	×	•

Table 48: Access rights to the "Website / IP" function group

The following two function types are available to the Administrator in SV-Control:

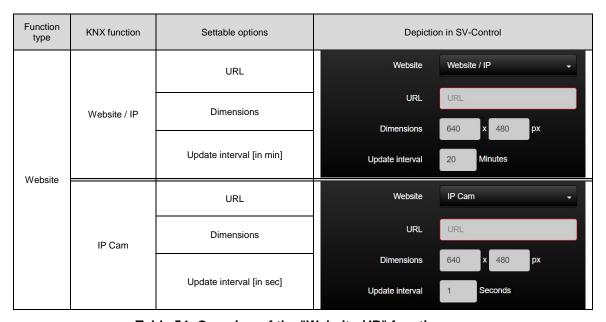


Table 54: Overview of the "Website / IP" function group

2.5.8.1 Websites

The "Website" function (1) can be used to integrate a website in SV-Home into selectable areas. This function can be used, for example, to add your favourite weather forecasting service to your building automation. In the same way, any other websites can be added to the user interface of the SV-Home of your building automation.

The web address to be displayed can be entered in the "URL" input field (2). When making an entry, ensure that your entry begins with http:// or https://. Besides Internet addresses, it is also possible to enter local websites using the IP address, e.g. http://192.168.180.1 of a local device.

Using the two "Dimensions" input fields (3), you can define the depiction size of the website within SV-Home in pixels. As website content can change on a regular basis, you can define a reload time in minutes using the "Update interval" input field (4). After the set time has elapsed, the website is reloaded for display in SV-Home.



Figure 79: Parameters of the "Website" function

The "Website" function possesses the following individualisation options within the icon library (5).

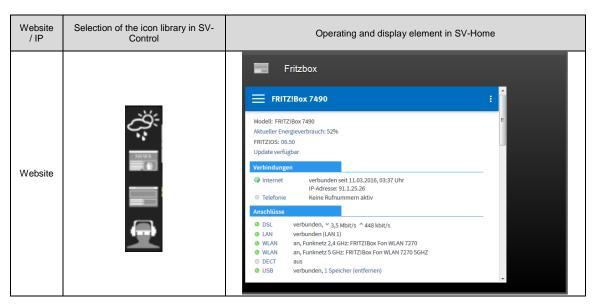


Table 55: Display of the "Website" function

2.5.8.2 IP camera

The "IP Cam" function (1) can be used to integrate an IP camera in the Smart Visu Server into selectable areas. This means that it is possible within the user interface of your SV-Home to, for example, display a live image of your entrance area from an IP camera. Local IP cameras cannot be displayed when using the remote access.

The web / IP address to be displayed can be entered in the "URL" input field (2). If there is a username and password assigned to the camera, it is possible to access the camera directly by entering http://USERNAME:PASSWORD@url -webcam/ in the input field.

Using the two "Dimensions" input fields (3), you can define the depiction size of the website within SV-Home in pixels. You can define a reload time in seconds using the "Update interval" input field (4).



Figure 80: Parameters of the "IP Cam" function

The "Website" function possesses the following individualisation options within the icon library (5).



Table 56: Display of the "IP Cam" function

2.5.8.3 IP camera: tested Devices

INFORMATION

It's recommended to integrate a maximum of **4 IP cameras** in one SV-Server installation.

i

If a network camera is integrated with the "IP Cam" function, this results in a **permanent** data flow in the home network, **independent** of the SV-Home call.

If a network camera is integrated with the function "Website", this only requires a data flow in the home network when calling the assigned SV-Home area.

Please note:

Some devices cannot be integrated via the function "IP Cam". Alternatively the camera can be integrated by using the "Website" function. Furthermore, local IP cameras are not displayable when using the remote access.

An IP camera can be integrated into the SV-Server in two different ways.

If the camera has an MJPEG stream, it can be inserted in the function "IP Cam". The correct URL can be found on the websites of the manufacturers.

If there is no MJPEG stream available for the IP camera, the "Website / IP" function can call the manufacturer's page with the stream.

The following chart shows which device operates with which function: (As at May 2018)

Manufacturer	Figure	Title	Function: IP Cam	Function: Website
		DCS930L	~	'
	Max. resolution	Mode of transmission		
		640 x 480	Network	cable / WLAN
		Operating voltage	IP pı	otection
		5V / DC	-	
			Configuration	
		IP address:	receive from router	
		User name (default):	: admin	
		Password (default):	adminadmin	
D-LINK		MJPEG address	http:// ip-address /image/jpeg.cgi	
		Comment:		-
			Properties	Ø i
			IP-Cam	
			Edit description	
		Screenshot:	Website	IP Cam →
			URL	http://192.168.188.58/image/jpeg.
			Dimensions	640 🖨 x 480 🖨 px
			Update interval	16 🕏

Manufacturer	Figure	Title	Function: IP Cam	Function: Website	
			X	'	
		Max. resolution	Mode of transmission		
		1280 x 720	W	LAN	
		Operating voltage	IP prot	ection	
		5V / DC		_	
		Configuration			
		IP address:	receive from router http://ip-address/		
		User name (default):		-	
		Password (default):	_		
		MJPEG address	-		
Rollei	Golde	Comment:	 Camera configuration via Rollei app (smartphone e.g.) Register and get user account (Rollei Connect to camera via user name an password (first do registration) Integrating camera to SV-Server via "Website" function 		
		Screenshot:	URL ht	/ebsite/IP ttp://admin:1234@192.168.188.€ 40 ♣ x 480 ♣ px 6 ♣	

Manufacturer	Figure	Title	Function: IP Cam	Function: Website
		IC-3116W	V	
	Max. resolution	Mode of tra	ansmission	
	1280 x 720	Network c	able / WLAN	
		Operating voltage	IP pro	tection
		12 V / DC	-	
			Configuration	
		IP address:	receive from router admin 1234	
		User name (default):		
	6)	Password (default):		
EDIMAX	EDIMAX MJPEG address http://ip		http:// ip-addre	ess/snapshot.cgi
	1	Comment:		-
			Properties IP-Cam Edit description	
		Screenshot:		⊃ Cam ✓
			URL h	ttp://admin:1234@192.168.188.5
			Dimensions	40 ♥ x 480 ♥ px
			Update interval	6

Manufacturer	Figure	Title	Function: IP Cam	Function: Website	
		FI9804W	<i>'</i>		
	Max. resolution	Mode of transmission			
	1280 x 720	Network cable / WLAN			
		Operating voltage	IP protection		
		12V / DC	IP 66		
		Configuration			
	IP address:	receive from router IP-address + Port 88 (http://ip-address:88 e.g.)			
	Foscam	User name (default):	admin		
		Password (default):	(blank)		
Foscam		MJPEG address	http:// ip-address :88/cgi- bin/CGIStream.cgi?cmd=GetMJStream &usr=username&pwd=xxx		
Toscam	Comment:	 Calling camera respectively work surface (Foscam) via IP address and "Website" function (browser) Install manufacturer PlugIn (browser asks automatically) Supports only 32-bit browsers 			
			Properties IP-Cam Edit description	0 1	
			Website	IP Cam	
		Screenshot:			
			URL	http://192.168.188.23¦88/cgi-bin/C	
			Dimensions	640 x 480 px	
			Update interval	Seconds	

Manufacturer	Figure	Title	Function: IP Cam	Function: Website
		M1124	•	•
		Max. resolution	Mode of transmission	
		8 to 28V DC / PoE	Netwo	rk cable
		Operating voltage	IP prot	ection
		12V / DC		_
			Configuration	
		IP address:	receive f	rom router
		User name (default):	root root http:// ip-	
		Password (default):		
Axis		MJPEG address		
	AXI3		Calling camera re surface (Axis) via "Website" function	IP address and
		Screenshot:	URL h	Cam ttp://192.168.188.130/mjpg/video x 480 px Seconds
			Update interval 0	seconds

Manufacturer	Figure	Title	Function: IP Cam	Function: Website
		SNC-5312IR	×	V
	Max. resolution	Mode of transmission		
	1920 x 1080	Netw	ork cable	
		Operating voltage	IP pro	otection
		12 V DC 24 V AC PoE	IP 66	
			Configuration	
		IP address:	receive	from router
		User name (default):	admin 9999	
		Password (default):		
Santec	Santec		http:// ip-address :8008	
		Comment:		-
			Properties	⊘ i i
			Edit description	
		Screenshot:	Website	Website / IP
			URL	http://192.168.188.59:8008
			Dimensions	640 x 480 px
			Update interval	20 Minutes

2.5.9 Configuring status logic functions

With the "State Logic" (1) function, the Smart Visu Server can logically link up to 10 functional states. Thus, with status logic, you can, for example, interlink the status of window contacts, so that you can see at a glance in SV-Home whether all the windows are closed.

Access as Administrator or User

The "User" and the "Administrator" have different access rights for the web functions within the "Functions" column. The different access rights can be taken from **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**

Using the "Logic link" drop-down menu (2), you can set these three logical linking operations:

- AND
- OR
- XOR

Using the drop-down menu (4), you can select previously created functions as input variables for the status logic. Only functions containing at least one 1-bit data point can be selected.

The maximum of 10 functions added to the status logic are shown in a list (4). The functions can be deleted individually as input functions from the status logic with the " button (5).

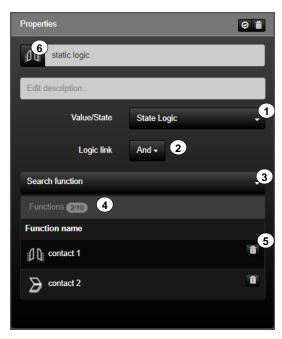


Figure 81: Parameters of "State Logic"

The "State Logic" function (1) has the following individualisation options within the icon library (4).

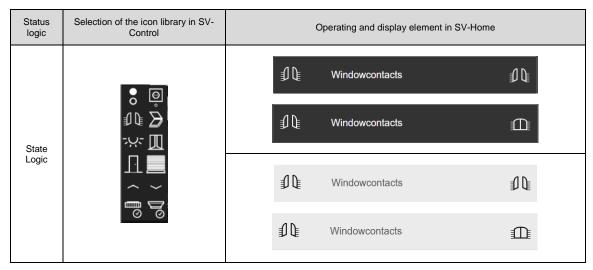


Table 57: Display of status logic

2.5.10 Configure virtual functions

The "Virtual Switch" function (1) can be used to activate and deactivate action groups and to carry out actions from the SV-Home.



Figure 82: Virtual Switch

The function has favourites within the symbol library (2). Further icons are available via the "button."

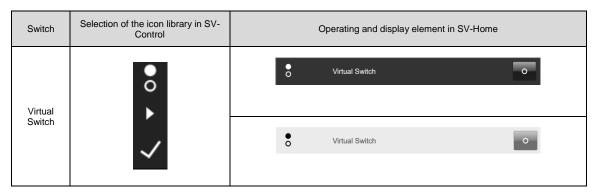


Table 58: Display of the "Virtual Switch" function

2.5.11 Email

The "Email" function (1) is used to send predefined texts as "Event mail" (e.g. the triggering of a <u>leakage sensor</u>). The recipient must be entered in the "To" field (2). In addition, recipients can be inserted in "Cc" (3) or "Bcc" (4). The subject and the message are entered in fields (5) and (6). So that the device can send emails, a valid SMTP mail server must be entered in the device configuration (see 2.7.5).

Access as Administrator or User

The "User" and the "Administrator" can have different access rights to KNX functions within the "Functions" column. The different access rights can be taken from 2.5 Area & Functions

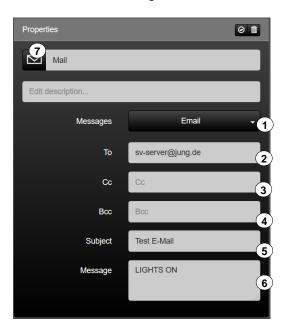


Figure 83: Parameters of the "Email" function

The "Email" function can be used as a trigger function in actions. The functional versatility is hereby clearly increased.

The function has favourites within the symbol library (7). Further icons are available via the "button."

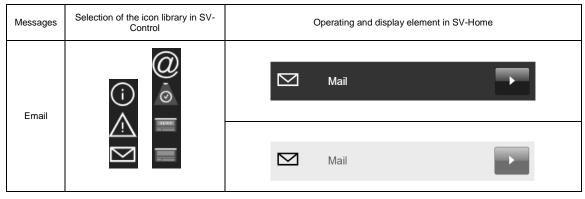


Table 59: Display of the "Email" function

2.5.12 Editing or deleting a function

Access as Administrator or User

The "User" and the "Administrator" have different access rights to KNX functions within the "Functions" column.

Access as Administrator

Select an existing function (1) to edit or delete it. The "Functions" column lists all the existing functions.

The arrow buttons "(2) enable you to change the order of an area, after selecting it, and thus to move the position in SV-Home. The top most function in SV-Control (from top to bottom) is also displayed as the first function in SV-Home (from top to bottom).

It is possible to change the effect of the selected function (3), assign an alternative icon by pressing the currently selected icon "(4), edit the name of the function (5) and, beneath that, add a description (6).

The changes are automatically saved and briefly displayed by a green "Save successful" screen.

In addition, the button " (8) indicates whether the entries of the group addresses are complete. To fully delete the selected area (assuming Administrator rights), press the " button (8).

Deletion of an area does not delete the functions assigned to it.

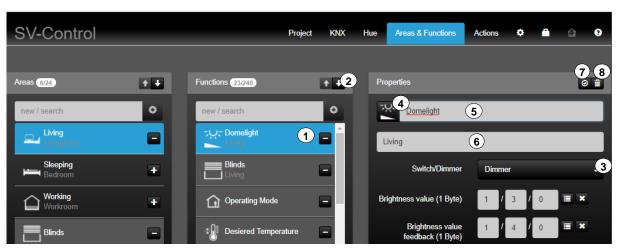


Figure 84: Organisation of the "Areas & Functions" tab

2.6 Action

An action is a grouping of one or more functions. Actions can be triggered by time, events, or via user-defined controls in SV-Home.

An action group can contain several actions.

In SV-Control, action groups and actions can be created, edited and deleted in the "Actions" tab (1). Both profiles (Administrator / User) can be assigned full access rights for this tab. The Smart Visu Server supports up to 25 action groups and 250 actions.

The "Actions", "Action Settings" (2, 4, 5) and the actions group "all actions" tabs can be hidden or renamed (3) for SV-Home.

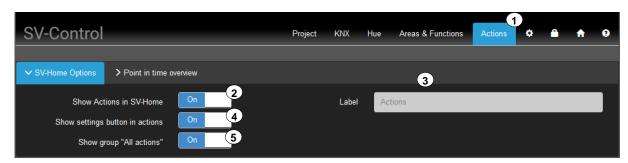


Figure 85: Renaming / Hiding SV-Control "Actions" tab

2.6.1 Creating action groups

To create a new action group, enter the name of your new group in the input field (1) and then press the "o" button. It will be added to the action group list (4) and is selected automatically.

The action group selected in the list (3) is displayed for editing in the column "Edit group" (4). Pressing the currently selected icon "[6]" (5) allows an alternative icon from the library to be assigned to the action group and the action name can be edited in the input field (6).

Optionally you can activate or deactivate (7) the action group.

With "Activation" (8), you can define how the action group should be triggered.

The following options are available:

- Points in time
 - Activation and deactivation by date and time
 - o Repetitions: annually or none
- Event
 - Trigger by 1-bit object (e. g. Push-Button (Welcome / Goodbye))
- Manually
 - Trigger via SV-Control

If an action group is required again, it can be duplicated including all actions (9).

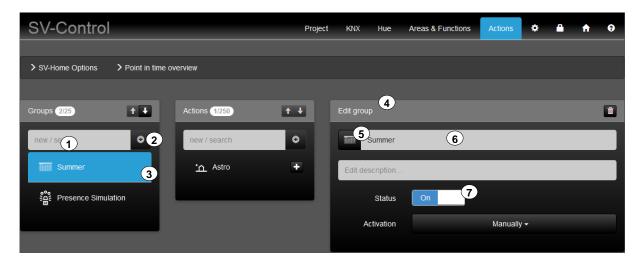


Figure 86: SV-Control "Action" tab

2.6.1.1 Points in time

Activation type "Points in time" can be used to activate and deactivate action groups based on date and time. Use the calendar to set the date and then the time for activation (8a) and deactivation (8b). Furthermore, an annual repetition (8c) can be set.

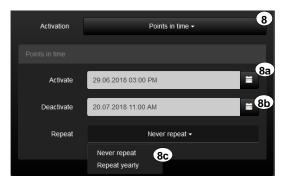


Figure 87: Parameters for activation type "Points in time"

2.6.1.2 Event

With the activation type (8) "Event", the group can be triggered by a 1-bit object (8a). It can be selected whether the group is activated with "while trigger is ON" or "while trigger is OFF" (8b).



Figure 88: Parameters for activation type "Event"

2.6.1.3 **Manually**

With the activation type "Manually" (8), the group can be activated manually in the SV-Home.



Figure 89: Parameters for activation type "Manually"

IMPORTANT: Actions assigned only in inactive action groups will not be executed.

2.6.2 Creating an action

To create a new action, enter the name of your new action in the input field (2) and then press the "O" button (3). This is added to the action list (4) with its name and is selected automatically.

The action selected in the list (4) is displayed for editing in the column "Edit action" (5). Pressing the currently selected icon "[6]" (6) allows an alternative icon from the library to be assigned to the action and then the action name can be edited in the input field (7).

Optionally, and independently of the action time, you can carry out an area assignment (8), in order to trigger the action in SV-Home for an additional area.

A distinction must be made between three action types using the trigger criteria. The following types are available in the drop-down menu (9):

- Point in time:
 - Trigger via SV-Home
 - Trigger via time and day
- Event:
 - Trigger via SV-Home
 - Trigger via function event
- Astro:
 - o Trigger via SV-Home
 - Trigger via sunrise or sunset
- User-defined:
 - Trigger via SV-Home

In the drop-down menu (10), you can specify up to 16 functions with editable function values for each action, which are to be executed when a trigger event occurs. In so doing, a function can also be a higher-level group address (e.g. central function of the KNX system).



Figure 90: "Actions" tab

Each function assigned to the selected action is listed beneath the drop-down menu (10) in a function list (10a). The parameters (10b) of each function can be set separately. Various operating elements are available, depending on the function type. These correspond to the elementary operating elements of the appropriate function in SV-Home.

Using the "" icon (10c), you can execute the set function value (10b). The representation of the function may differ between SV-Home and SV-Control (e.g. shutter button). If a function is to be deleted from the action list, you can trigger this with the "" icon (10d).

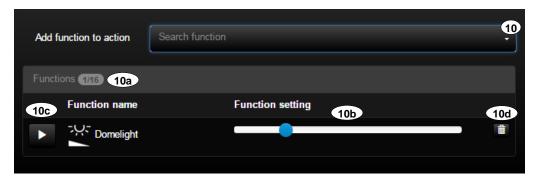


Figure 91: Parameters of the function to be executed

The changes are automatically saved and briefly displayed by a green "Save successful" screen. It can be tested directly from SV-Control with the "" icon (11).

2.6.2.1 **Point in time**

"Point in time" action types (9) trigger automatically, depending on the weekday and the set time. In addition, you can trigger this action type individually via SV-Home.

The button (9a) opens the window to set the time. Set the trigger time using the arrows "\time" (9b).



Figure 92: Parameters of the "Point in Time" action type

Alongside that, you can specify the weekdays (9c) on which the action is executed. Active days have a blue background.



Figure 93: Parameters of the "Point in Time" action type

In addition to the set time and the day of the week, a random delay can be activated. The action triggers randomly within the selected period (9d).

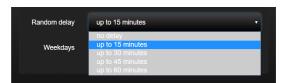


Figure 94: Random delay of the "Point in Time" action type

2.6.2.2 Event

Actions of type "Event" (9) can be triggered by a function event (e.g. pressing a KNX pushbutton sensor) selectable in the menu (9a). The function state leading to the triggering of the action can be selected using the selection menu (9b). You can only select functions that contain at least one 1-bit data point (for example, results of the "State Logic" function). After selecting the trigger, the significance of the condition must be determined. The following options are available:

- At state On (state change necessary to re-initiate action, e.g. wind alarm)
- At state Off (change of state necessary to trigger action again)
- At state change (state change between on and off)
- At each On (no state change required to re-trigger action, e.g. button)
- On each Off (no state change needed to re-trigger action)

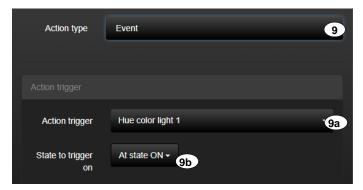


Figure 95: Parameters of the "Event" action type

2.6.2.3 Astro

The action type "Astro" (9) automatically triggers functions depending on the position of the sun. As a trigger (9a), the sunrise or sunset can be selected. The time (9b) for today's sunrise or sunset is shown on the right. With the offset (9c), the triggering period can be adjusted in time. You can set the days of the week (9d) on which the action will be performed. Active days are highlighted in blue. In addition, an earliest or latest time can be defined (9e).

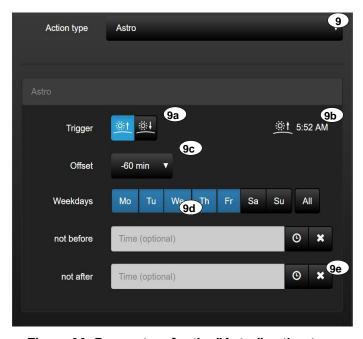


Figure 96: Parameters for the "Astro" action type

The Astro function can be used both with a local and NTP time.

2.6.2.4 User defined

Actions of type "User defined" (9) are actions, which can only be triggered manually via SV-Home. For this reason, this action type does not require any additional configuration.



Figure 97: Parameters of the "User defined" action type

2.6.3 Editing or deleting an action

To be able to edit or delete an action, you must first select it in the "Actions" list (1). The action selected in the list (1) is displayed for editing in the column "Edit action" (2).

A selected action can be deleted with the "icon (3). You can execute the action conveniently directly from SV-Control using the icon (4).

An action can be copied with the " icon (5). The copy function causes the creation of a new additional action with the same configuration.

The changes are automatically saved and briefly displayed by a green "Save successful" screen.

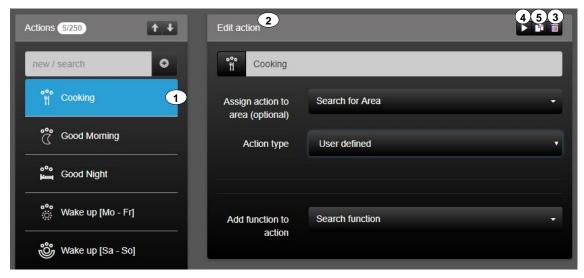


Figure 98: "Actions" tab

2.6.4 Point in time overview of the actions

In the area SV-Home Options (1), "Point in time overview" (2) - a list of the actions with the respective time switching points - can be displayed. The currently selected action is highlighted in blue (3) in this overview.

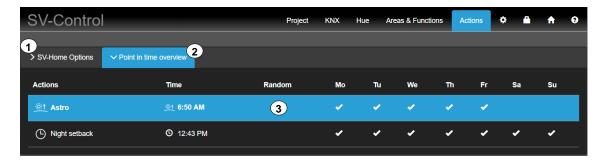


Figure 99: Point in time overview

2.6.5 SV-Home Options

In the area SV-Home Options (1), actions in SV-Home are displayed (3) when activated with the defined label (2). It is also possible to select whether there should be a settings button (4) for each action. The action group "All actions" can also be hidden in SV-Home (5).



Figure 100: Overview of SV-Home Options

2.7 Configuration management

Configuration management is used to set elementary system parameters of the Smart Visu Server. You can change the network settings (2), the time and the current date (3). When using the Astro function (4), the latitude and longitude of the location can be entered. Furthermore, a MyJUNG remote access (5), an email SMTP-Server (6) can be set up and online system updates can be carried out (7) and the update progress can be displayed. In addition, the system (8) is equipped with four main functions.

The configuration management can be reached in SV-Control via the " tab (1). The tab can be operated fully with both profiles (Administrator/User).

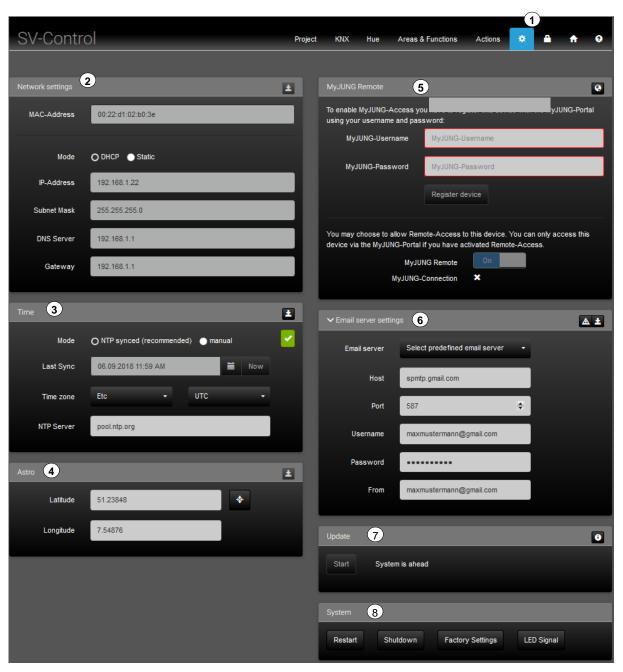


Figure 101: Tab of the Smart Visu Server configuration

2.7.1 Network settings

The network settings can be edited in the "Network Settings" field (2) for the local network (IPv4) in the configuration management of SV-Control. The network settings of the Smart Visu Server can be entered automatically via DHCP address assignment (2a) or manually ("statically") (2b).

2.7.1.1 Configuring the IP address for DHCP

The DHCP address assignment is set as default when the device is delivered.

For the Smart Visu Server to obtain its IP address automatically via DHCP address assignment, the "DHCP" option (2a) must be selected. In this case, the fields 2c to 2f cannot be edited, but are only used to visualise the current, automatically obtained network settings.

To apply the selected setting, the "" button (2g) must then be pressed.

The DHCP setting can be restored at any time through an "IP Reset" using the device Reset button. You can find more information on this in Chapter 1.5 "Structure of the device, function"

2.7.1.2 Setting a static IP address

To manually assign a static address to the Smart Visu Server after commissioning, the item "Static" (2b) must be activated. The input fields (2c to 2f) can then be edited.

To apply the selected setting, the "" button (2g) must then be pressed.

The static IPv4 address can be entered in the input field (2c). The subnet mask of the network can be specified in the input field (2d). You can specify a DNS server in the input field (2e) and an IP Gateway in the input field (2f).



Figure 102: Parameters of the IP interface

2.7.2 Setting the system time and date

The system time and the current date can be edited in the "Time" field (3) in the configuration management of SV-Control. The time synchronization can be performed both by NTP time server and manually.

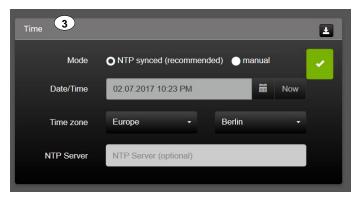


Figure 103: Time server

In the input field (3a), it is possible to enter the current date in the format "dd.mm.yyyy". Alternatively, you can use the "button (3b) at the end of the input field, in order to show a calendar field, to be able to select the current date.

Set the current system time using the arrows "▲" (3c).

To apply the time settings permanently in the Smart Visu Server, you must then press the " button (3d).



Figure 104: Parameters for setting the time

2.7.3 MyJUNG Konto

With a MyJUNG account, there are further functions available. Firstly, a fee-based remote access facility (**Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.**) can be set up. Secondly, the Amazon Alexa voice service can be used via the MyJUNG account.

Info: With the creation of a new MyJUNG account, data is not automatically transferred to the Amazon Alexa voice service.

2.7.4 Remote access

The paid remote access allows secure access to the SV-Server. To do this, the switch (1) must be set to "On" and the email address of the MyJung portal must be entered in the field "Remote Username" (2). MyJUNG remote access must then be authenticated via the portal. If a connection is established, a tick appears after "Remote connection" (3).

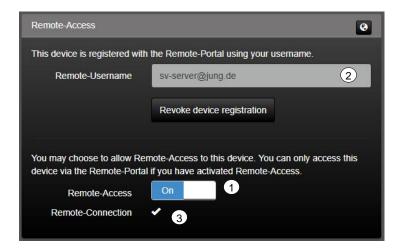


Figure 105: Remote Access

2.7.4.1 Activation of remote access through the MyJung portal

In order to use the secure remote access to the SV-Server, the following steps are necessary:

(1) Application or registration on MyJUNG login

Enter your personal MyJUNG login in the input mask (1). If you do not have a MyJUNG account, follow the input dialog under "Go to registration" (2).

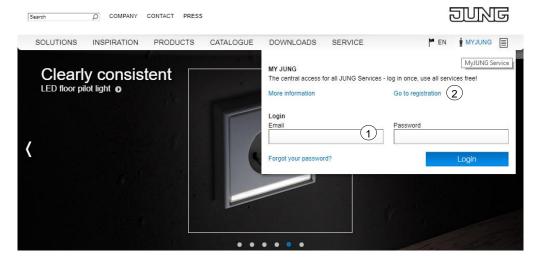


Figure 106: MyJUNG registration dialog

(2) Open Software Licence Sales Dialog

After successful registration in the <u>MyJUNG portal</u>, you will get to the overview page of MyJUNG. On this page, please select the tab "<u>Software licence activation</u>".

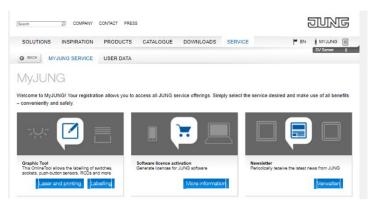


Figure 107: Service overview page of MyJUNG

(3) Selection of the desired product

In this overview you have the opportunity to purchase the desired product. In this case please select from the list on the left-hand side (1) the licence "Smart Visu Server" (2).

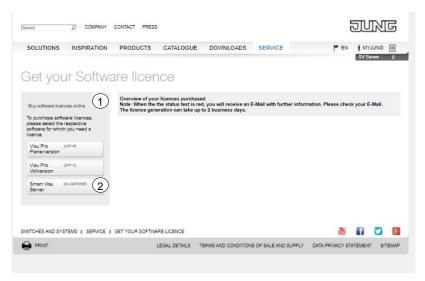


Figure 108: Software licence sales dialogue

(4) Redeem the voucher code or purchase an SV-Server remote subscription

In this view, you have the option to redeem an existing voucher code (over 6 months) or to complete an SV-Server remote subscription over 12 or 24 months. If there is a voucher code, please fill in the field "Voucher code" (1) with your personal voucher code. To complete this action, confirm with "Accept licence data" (2).

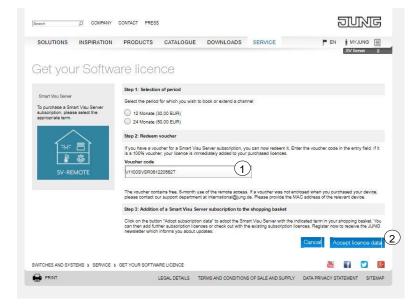


Figure 109: Software licence sales dialogue

If you have successfully redeemed the voucher code or have successfully completed a subscription, you will see the following view.

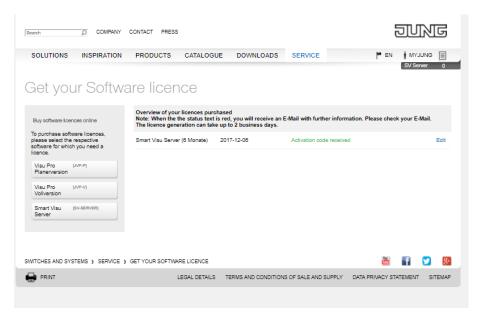


Figure 110: Successful licence purchase

2.7.4.2 Activation of MyJUNG remote access in your SV-Server

To enable secure remote access to your SV-Server, the following final steps are necessary.

(1) Activation of your MyJUNG account in your SV-Server

Switch to the browser of your operating system. In this case, call up the start page of the SV-Server. To do this, use either "sv-server.local" or the associated IP address of your SV-Server. After the surface is loaded, please select SV-Control (1).

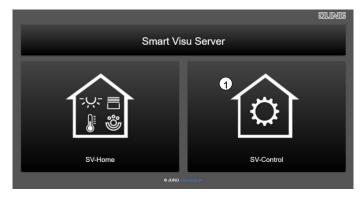


Figure 111: SV-Server start page

Now enter your MyJUNG username (1) and your associated MyJUNG password (2) in the right-hand column, under the heading "MyJUNG access". Then confirm this step with the "Register device" button (3).

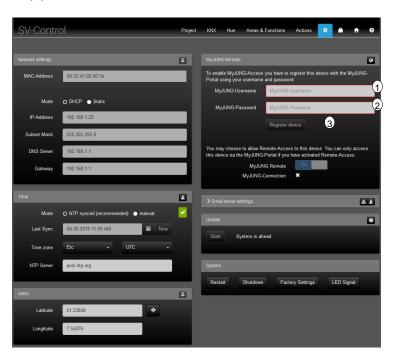


Figure 112: Remote access in the SV-Server

(2) Activation of your SV-Server in your MyJUNG-Portal

At this time, your SV-Server is actively logged into MyJUNG. The remote connection is up-to-date but not usable yet. For final steps, please change to a new browser window or a new browser tab. Log into the MyJUNG portal on the JUNG website. Switch to the Smart VisuServer Remote Access tile via the "Manage" button (1).



Figure 113: Smart Visu Server remote access

Finally, to activate the remote access, please confirm the process in the displayed view with the button "Activate now" (1). From then on, your configured remote access will work for the specified runtime.

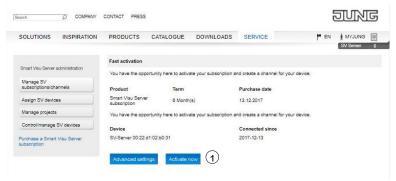


Figure 114: Activation of the remote access

The following overview of the MyJUNG portal provides information about your activated subscriptions. This information includes: item, term, date of purchase, remaining time, project, equipment and channel. This information will help you to manage your SV-Server Remote Access immediately.

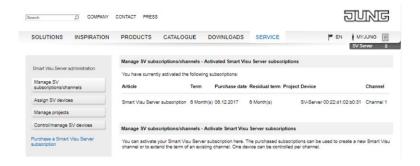


Figure 115: Enabled SV-Server subscriptions

If the connection between your SV-Server and the MyJUNG portal succeeds, the following view will appear in the <u>SV-Control</u>. With the confirmation tick next to "Remote connection" (1), you will see that a successful connection between your SV-Server and the MyJUNG server has been established. To set up the apps, please see the dedicated chapter (<u>Android 3.2 / iOS 3.3</u>).

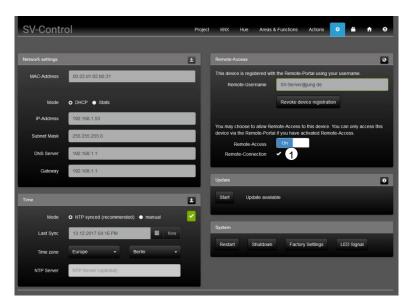


Figure 116: Successfully established remote connection

Alternatively, remote access can also be controlled / managed (1) via a web browser.(2).

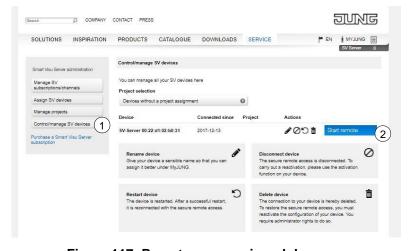


Figure 117: Remote access via web browser

2.7.5 Amazon Alexa

There is the possibility of using the Amazon Alexa voice service through a MyJUNG account. To do so, the MyJUNG account must be activated in the SV-Server as for remote access.

Select the "Settings" tab and enter your MyJUNG user name (1) and your relevant MyJUNG password (2). Then confirm this step with the button "Register device" (3).

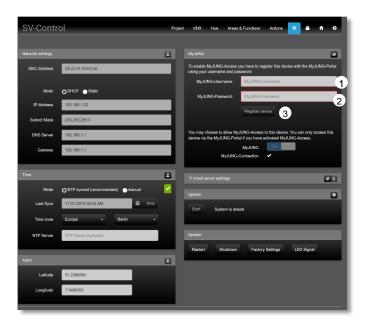


Figure 118: Activation of the MyJUNG account in the SV-Server

The Alexa voice control must in addition be activated (4) under the properties of functions and actions.



Figure 119: Activation of the voice control in the properties of a function

Please take all further functions from the quick guide.

Info: With the creation of a new MyJUNG account and the activation of the voice control in the properties of the functions, data is not automatically transferred to the Amazon Alexa voice service.

2.7.6 Email message

Basic settings are necessary for the "Email message" function (1) to guarantee the function. The email server (2) must first be selected so that the host address (3) must be entered automatically.

The following email providers are supplied as favourites in the default state:

Mail	DE	EN	FR	NL	IT	ES	PORT	RU	EST	LIT	LET	POL	UKR	KOR	CHN
Google	~	~	>	>	>	~	~	~	y	~	~	-	~	>	-
Outlook	-	>	>	>	>	>	>	-	-	-	-	-	<	-	-
iCloud	-	~	-	~	-	>	>	-	-	-	-	-	<	-	-
GMX	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Web	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Orange	-	-	V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Libero	-	-	-	-	>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	>	~	>	-	-	-	-
Yandex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yahoo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	~	•	-	-	-	-
Home	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nazwa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
IDhosting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
Naver	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	>	-
Daun	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	>	-
EtaEase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~
Sina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~
Tencent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~

Additional providers can be inserted with "More".

The required port number (4) can be looked up in the settings of the email provider. The email address and the password can be entered in the fields of user name (5) and password (6). The sender (identical to the username in the default case) can be stored under (7).

The settings must finally be stored "2" (8).



Figure 120: Settings of the function "Email message"

2.7.7 Server update

To perform a system update, the Smart Visu Server requires access to the Internet. Depending on the speed of the available Internet connection, this operation can take several minutes.

We recommend not interrupting the power and network connection for the period of the update. In addition, we do not recommend making any changes in SV-Control during execution.

A system update, if available, can be started in the "Update" field (4) using the "Start" button (4b). Via button (4a) the release notes are recalled.



Figure 121: Update window

The progress bar (4c) shows the overall progress of a running update operation. The LED of the device flashes periodically in magenta whilst the update is being performed.



Figure 122: Depiction of an active update

After the update has been downloaded, the system is restarted. During the system restart, a countdown (4d) is displayed. Soon after this reaches 0, you can operate SV-Control as normal. This means that the update operation is complete.

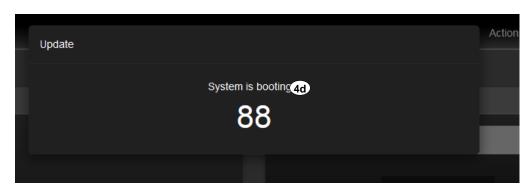


Figure 123: Completing the update

3 SV-Home

This chapter describes the operation of the Smart Visu Server using SV-Home in detail.

The SV-Home is the integrated web interface of the Smart Visu Server for the visualisation, status display and operation of the KNX system and the Philips Hue system. To access SV-Home, a current HTML5-capable browser (input device) or the corresponding app (see chapter 3.2 SV-Server app) is required for mobile devices. The access of max. 10 different clients on the SV-Home web interface is recommended. The SV-Home is generated automatically from the configuration set up in SV-Control and is divided up into three sections.

The top section is always visible and consists of the Jung logo and the title "SV-Home" (1). Clicking the "SV-Home" header (1) takes you back to the homepage, via which you can switch to SV-Control at any time.

The second section (2) displays the areas created in SV-Control with their assigned icon and name alongside each other. If you have created actions in SV-Control, an additional tile "Actions" is added automatically to the right of the areas. The Action tile lists all the actions created in SV-Control and they can be triggered individually here.

Selecting an area displays the assigned functions and actions (3) beneath. Each function is displayed in a separate box with its operating elements. These operating elements may vary, depending on the function type. Refer to Chapter **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.** "Creating a new function" to discover which function type leads to which visualisation in SV-Home.

If the value of a function changes, then the visualisation is adapted automatically in SV-Home. If, for example, the ceiling luminaire (4) is switched on via a KNX wall sensor, then the new dimming value (5) is updated automatically in SV-Home.

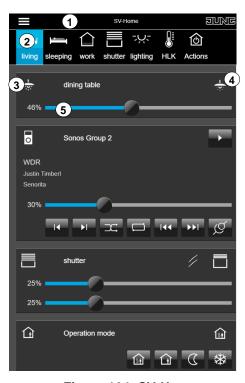


Figure 124: SV-Home

Areas and possible Action tile

Functions / actions

3.1 SV-Home settings

In addition to the operation of the SV-Home, there are some settings which can be set in the upper section to the left of the label "SV-Home" (1).

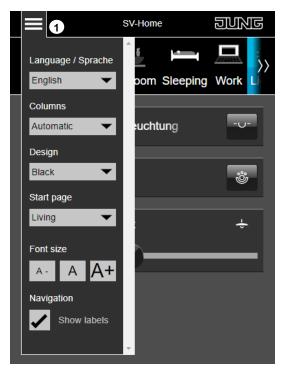


Figure 125: SV-Home settings

3.1.1 Language

In the "Language / Sprache" window (2), 15 different languages can be selected. This changes the language in the SV-Home Settings area. Thus the further settings can be made in the desired language.



Figure 126: Language

3.1.2 Columns setting

The column settings (1) can be made in the second window. Four setting options (2) are available, which specify the number of columns in the SV-Home (3). The default is the automatic setting of the columns (4). Depending on the page size, the number of columns is automatically scaled and adjusted.

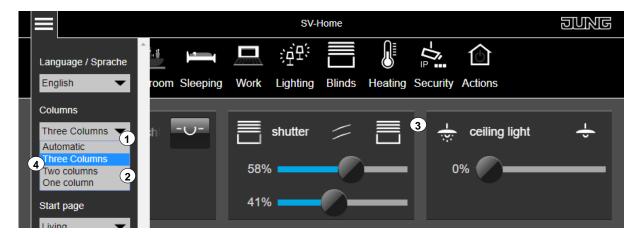


Figure 127: Columns setting

3.1.3 Design

The SV-Home interface can be visualised in two different design variants. The variants can be set under the "Design" window (1). After selecting the desired design, the display is switched directly (2,3).



Figure 128: Design "black"

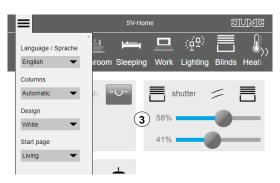


Figure 129: Design "white"

3.1.4 Start page

The setting of the start page, which is displayed if the SV-Home page is opened, can be changed in the "Home" window (1). All created rooms (2) are available.



Figure 130: Start page

3.1.5 Font size

The font size is individually adjustable in the SV-Home. Using the button (2), the font size can be reduced and the button (3) can be enlarged. To return to the default font size, the button (4) is provided. The changes are immediately recognisable.

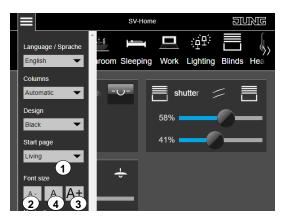


Figure 131: Font size

3.1.6 Presentation labels

In this area "Navigation" (1) it is possible to adjust whether the labels are to be displayed in the area bar (2). By removing the tick, only the symbols (3) without labels are displayed.



Figure 132: Presentation with labels

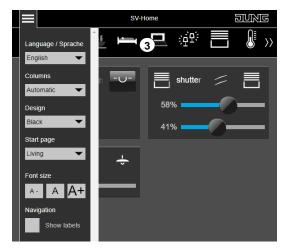


Figure 133: Presentation without labels

3.2 SV-Server app for Android

In addition to the HTML5 surface, you can download the Smart Visu Server app from the Android PlayStore. The Android app is pre-installed on the JUNG Smart Controls (Smart Control 7 .. 19).

Clicking on the gearwheel icon (1) shows the settings for the app. The IP address of the Smart Visu Server with the addition '/SV-Home/' needs to be saved in the settings (2).

Changes of the user interface or limitations of the device may require emptying of the system cache (3). By entering the MyJUNG data (4), the remote access is established. The connection mode (5) can be used to select whether the connection is "Automatic", "Local only" or "Remote only". The app can start automatically after the system start (6) and the screen orientation can be defined (7), which is especially useful for built-in devices.

The navigation bar at the bottom of the JUNG Launcher (Smart Control 7 .. 19) can be hidden and replaced by a control sidebar (8).

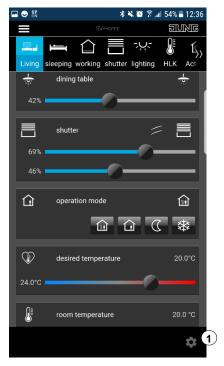


Figure 134: SV-Home

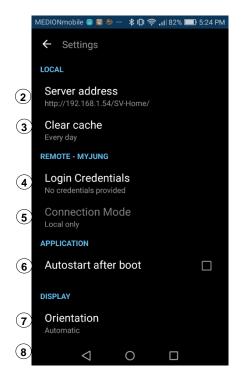


Figure 135: SV-Home

3.3 SV-Server app for iOS

In addition to the HTML5 surface, you can download the Smart Visu Server app from the iTunes Store.

When starting the app for the first time, the connection mode (1) must be selected and the server address (2) must be entered. Finally confirm with OK.

SV-Overview (3) contains the user interface. Further information can be found under Support (4).

By pressing the gearwheel icon (5), app settings are visible. Within these settings, the IP address of your Smart Visu Server can be stored and changed (6).

Changes to the user interface or limitation of the terminal may cause it to empty its system cache (7).

By entering the MyJUNG data (8), the remote access is established. The connection mode (9) can be used to select whether the connection is "Automatic", "Local only" or "Remote only".

In the "Automatic" mode, an attempt is made at the beginning to reach an SV-Server at the entered URL. If it fails, the connection is made remotely.



Figure 136: SV-Server app start



Figure 137: SV-Home



Figure 138: SV settings

4 Update of the Smart Visu Server

JUNG is always working to improve the support and functionality of the SV-Server. In the context of these efforts, we make updates for the system software available.

4.1 Reading out the software version

You can read out the software version currently installed on your Smart Visu Server via SV-Control. This is shown at the bottom of all the tabs of SV-Control behind the text "SW VERSION:" (1).

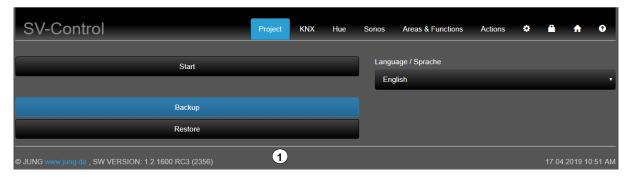


Figure 139: Homepage of SV-Control

4.2 Performing a system update

To perform a system update, the Smart Visu Server requires access to the Internet. Depending on the speed of the available Internet connection, this operation can take several minutes.

We recommend not interrupting the power and network connection for the period of the update. In addition, we do not recommend making any changes in SV-Control during execution. The Status LED (5) of the device flashes periodically in magenta whilst the update is being performed.

A system update can be triggered both via SV-Control (see Chapter 2.7.7 Server update) and via the pushbutton (4) of the Smart Visu Server.

In addition, it is possible to import a server update via a USB stick. For the corresponding manual steps, please refer to the separate instructions on our website.

To perform the system update using the pushbutton (5) on the device, press the button 5 times quickly in succession. If an update is available, this is then downloaded automatically and installed. When the update has been completed, the Smart Visu Server restarts automatically. (https://www.jung.de/en/)

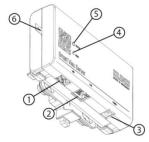
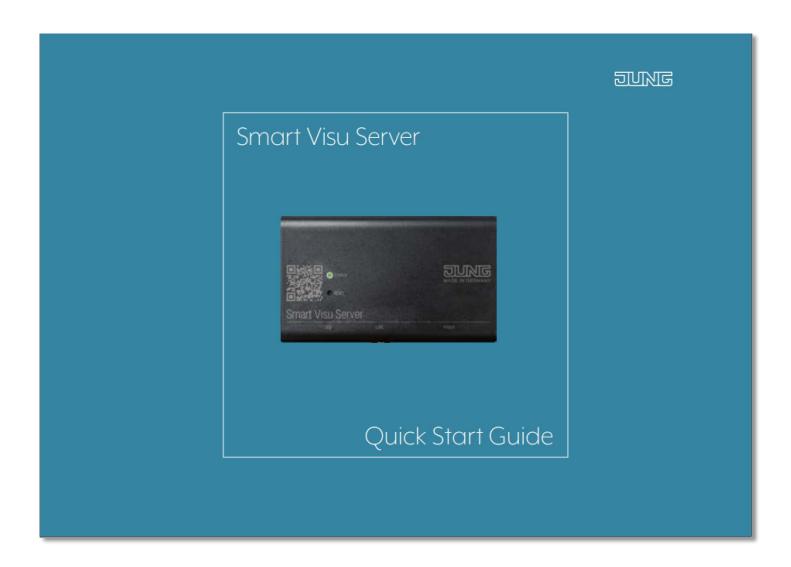


Figure 140: Smart Visu Server

5 Application examples



SV-SERVER-01 / SV-SERVER-INT

6 Maintaining the Smart Visu Server

In case you need support, the Smart Visu Server allows remote maintenance access via SSH server. This server is exclusively for fault analysis purposes. It allows trained JUNG personnel to access your server to analyse the device status.

To minimize any possible security risks, the remote maintenance access works only in combination with physical access to the device. You can activate the access by pressing the button (4) 10 times. The SSH access will automatically be deactivated after 2 hours.

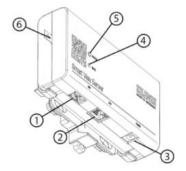


Figure 141: Smart Visu Server

7 Appendix

7.1 Accessories

We recommend using one of the following KNX-IP data interfaces:

- Jung: KNX IP interface, ref. no.: IPS 300 SREG
- Jung: KNX IP router, ref. no.: IPR 300 SREG

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The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

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This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this Licence.

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Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program specifies a version number of this Licence which applies to it and "any later version", you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Program does not specify a version number of this Licence, you may choose any version ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.> Copyright (C)
<year> <name of author>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

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The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public Licence. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items-whatever suits your program.

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program `Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989 Ty Coon, President of Vice

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8.1.2 GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENCE Version 3 (GPL v3)

GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENCE Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Preamble

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For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers,

but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

"This Licence" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public Licence.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this Licence. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organisations.

To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this Licence, and how to view a copy of this Licence. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognised standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is

available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

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You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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- c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this Licence to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This Licence will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This Licence gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.
- d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this Licence to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

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You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this Licence, in one of these ways:

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- b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this Licence, on a durable

physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

- c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.
- d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.
- e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

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The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

Corresponding Source conveyed and Installation Information provided, in accordance with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

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- d) Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or authors of the material; or
- e) Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade names, trademarks, or service marks; or
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All other non-permissive additional terms are considered "further restrictions" within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as you received it, or any part of it, contains a notice stating that it is governed by this Licence along with a term that is a further restriction, you may remove that term. If a licence document contains a further restriction but permits

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If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.

Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written licence, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.

8. Termination.

You may not propagate or modify a covered work except as expressly provided under this Licence. Any attempt otherwise to propagate or modify it is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this Licence (including any patent licences granted under the third paragraph of section 11).

However, if you cease all violation of this Licence, then your licence from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your licence, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

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Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licences of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this Licence. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licences for the same material under section 10.

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You are not required to accept this Licence in order to receive or run a copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring solely as a consequence of using peer-to-peer transmission to receive a copy likewise does not require acceptance. However, nothing other than this Licence grants you permission to propagate or modify any covered work. These actions infringe copyright if you do not accept this Licence. Therefore, by modifying or propagating a covered work, you indicate your acceptance of this Licence to do so.

10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients. Each time you convey a covered work, the recipient automatically receives a licence from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that work, subject to this Licence. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this Licence.

An "entity transaction" is a transaction transferring control of an organisation, or substantially all assets of one, or subdividing an organisation, or merging organisations. If propagation of a covered work results from an entity transaction, each party to that transaction who receives a copy of the work also receives whatever licences to the work the party's predecessor in interest had or could give under the previous paragraph, plus a right to possession of the Corresponding Source of the work from the predecessor in interest, if the predecessor has it or can get it with reasonable efforts.

You may not impose any further restrictions on the exercise of the rights granted or affirmed under this Licence. For example, you may not impose a licence fee, royalty, or other charge for exercise of rights granted under this Licence, and you may not initiate litigation (including a cross-claim or counterclaim in a lawsuit) alleging that any patent claim is infringed by making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing the Program or any portion of it.

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Each contributor grants you a non-exclusive, worldwide, royalty-free patent licence under the contributor's essential patent claims, to make, use, sell, offer for sale, import and otherwise run, modify and propagate the contents of its contributor version.

In the following three paragraphs, a "patent licence" is any express agreement or commitment, however denominated, not to enforce a patent (such as an express permission to practice a patent or covenant not to sue for patent infringement). To "grant" such a patent licence to a party means to make such an agreement or commitment not to enforce a patent against the party.

If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent licence, and the Corresponding Source of the work is not available for anyone to copy, free of charge and under the terms of this Licence, through a publicly available network server or other readily accessible means, then you must either (1) cause the Corresponding Source to be so available, or (2) arrange to deprive yourself of the benefit of the patent licence for this particular work, or (3) arrange, in a manner consistent with the requirements of this Licence, to extend the patent licence to downstream recipients. "Knowingly relying" means you have actual knowledge that, but for the patent licence, your conveying the covered work in a country, or your recipient's use of the covered work in a country, would infringe one or more identifiable patents in that country that you have reason to believe are valid.

If, pursuant to or in connection with a single transaction or arrangement, you convey, or propagate by procuring conveyance of, a covered work, and grant a patent licence to some of the parties receiving the covered work authorising them to use, propagate, modify or convey a specific copy of the covered work, then the patent licence you grant is automatically extended to all recipients of the covered work and works based on it.

A patent licence is "discriminatory" if it does not include within the scope of its coverage, prohibits the exercise of, or is conditioned on the non-exercise of one or more of the rights that are specifically granted under this Licence. You may not convey a covered work if you are a party to an arrangement with a third party that is in the business of distributing software, under which you make payment to the third party based on the extent of your activity of conveying the work, and under which the third party grants, to any of the parties

who would receive the covered work from you, a discriminatory patent licence (a) in connection with copies of the covered work conveyed by you (or copies made from those copies), or (b) primarily for and in connection with specific products or compilations that contain the covered work, unless you entered into that arrangement, or that patent licence was granted, prior to 28 March 2007.

Nothing in this Licence shall be construed as excluding or limiting any implied licence or other defences to infringement that may otherwise be available to you under applicable patent law.

12. No Surrender of Others' Freedom.

If conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this Licence, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this Licence. If you cannot convey a covered work so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this Licence and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not convey it at all. For example, if you agree to terms that obligate you to collect a royalty for further conveying from those to whom you convey the Program, the only way you could satisfy both those terms and this Licence would be to refrain entirely from conveying the Program.

13. Use with the GNU Affero General Public Licence.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Licence, you have permission to link or combine any covered work with a work licensed under version 3 of the GNU Affero General Public Licence into a single combined work, and to convey the resulting work. The terms of this Licence will continue to apply to the part which is the covered work, but the special requirements of the GNU Affero General Public Licence, section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the combination as such.

14. Revised Versions of this Licence.

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